

The Chelsea Standard

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1910.

VOLUME 46. NO. 13

Show Your Colors

AT THE NEXT
FOOTBALL GAME
BY CARRYING A
CHELSEA PENNANT.

Made in Red and White. We are showing a beautiful line at 50c. Larger ones of Yale, Michigan, Harvard, etc., at \$1.00.

Grocery Department

Best flour on earth is our Blue Label Flour. There is none made anywhere that is superior to it in any respect. It makes the finest, flakiest, whitest bread; the lightest biscuits, the most brittle and appetizing pie crust; the most superb cake. Try it and you will be convinced.

HENRY H. FENN COMPANY

DRUGGISTS AND GROCERS

OLD TAVERN COFFEE.

Every other week we have five baskets of OLD TAVERN COFFEE roasted for us. New customers are calling for it every day.

Be sure the name, Old Tavern Coffee is on every package of coffee you use. We have the exclusive sale in Chelsea.

SPECIAL

Swift's Premium Oleomargarine.
Swift's Sugar Cured Bacon.
Swift's Silver Leaf Lard.

Received every Thursday, which gives the best of satisfaction.

JOHN FARRELL & CO.

FLOUR

We handle the following well-known brands of Bread Flour—
Chelsea Phoenix, Gold Medal, Henkel's, State Seal, A. M. C. O.,
Moss Rose and Pride of Quincy.

CHICKEN FEED AND FEEDS OF ALL KINDS ALWAYS ON HAND

CASH PAID FOR POULTRY

If you are thinking of rodding your building get our prices on either Copper or Steel before buying. We can save you money.

If you want a roof that will outlast your building, get the Carey roof. Fully guaranteed.

HUMMEL BROTHERS

HOLMES & WALKER

STOVES AND RANGES.

We can furnish you with a Base Burner Heating Stove or Steel Range at prices to suit the purchasers. We have all the leading makes.

Let us give you prices on your Furnace Work.
Steam or Hot Air.

HARDWARE OF ALL KINDS.

FURNITURE.

In Furniture we have a nice new up-to-date line.

Blankets, Robes and Harness of all kinds. Come and see us.

ALL KINDS OF SEWING MACHINES.

HOLMES & WALKER

WE WILL ALWAYS TREAT YOU RIGHT.

Yeggmen Blow Up Safe In Postoffice Monday Morning

The Chelsea postoffice was robbed between two and three o'clock Monday morning for the second time in the past seven years. When the postmaster opened the office the interior resembled a fort that had recently been bombarded.

Entrance was gained to the office by placing a ladder in the rear and forcing the window. The tools, two picks, handax, wrench and pinchbar were stolen from the handcar house of the electric road, and the yeggmen evidently did excellent work with them if one should judge by the appearance of the interior of the office. The tools were left by the robbers near the safe.

The safe was blown up with nitroglycerine and is a total wreck. It required two charges of the explosive to enable the thieves to secure the contents of the safe. The first one, aroused some of the guests in the Hotel Boyd and many other residents of the town. The second charge which gave access to the chest followed about ten minutes after the first one.

Miss Mary Haab and her niece, Miss Ruby Jede, who room over the post-office, were aroused from their slumbers by the first explosion and as they have but one means of escape from the room which is near the main entrance to the postoffice, the terror stricken ladies kept quiet. They heard two or three men talking in loud voices between the two explosions, but almost immediately after the second one the office became quiet, and the thieves left by the back stairs from the office, the door to which had opened when they first gained access to the building.

For their nights work the yeggmen secured about \$100 in cash and \$250 in postage stamps of various denominations. They left behind several dollars in small change and a quantity of stamps, both of which were badly mutilated, and they overlooked a registered letter in their haste.

It is probable that the men made their escape from Chelsea on an east bound freight train which passed through here about three o'clock. There is no clue to be found of the safekeepers. Sheriff Sutton and the postoffice department were notified of the burglary and are at work on the case.

Engineer Kills Self.

Detroit Journal: After several months' illness from a spinal trouble, which is believed to have affected his brain, Pardon Keyes, 440 Hubbard avenue, a M. C. R. R. engineer, killed himself Friday night.

He went into the back yard, unknown to his wife, and shot himself in the mouth. Peter Prior, 438 Hubbard, a neighbor, found the body and notified the police. Motorcycle Patrolman Tom Creedon hurried to the scene.

Pardon Keyes has been ill since about last Christmas and had been confined to the house most of the time. It is thought that his ailment was due to a hard alighting from his engine, the jar affecting his spine. Mrs. Keyes had no intimation that he might kill himself and his death was a great shock to her.

Mr. Keyes was a nephew of the late E. Keyes of Lima, and a former resident of Lima. The funeral was held from his late home in Detroit Tuesday.

Birthday Party.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Louis Burg assisted by their neighbors, tendered a complete surprise to Mrs. Johanna Kaplinger on Hallowe'en, in commemoration of the 81st anniversary of her birth. The evening was spent in pleasant reminiscence conversation interspersed with appropriate music and song, after which German lunch was served, the main feature of which was an elegant Hefe Kraut a concoction much in vogue in the fatherland, and baked by William Caspari, and pronounced excellent by all present. The ladies all remembered Mrs. Kaplinger with beautiful tokens of their friendship and esteem and departed vowing a great deal of the way.

The officers at once accused the women with leaving the child at the Fletcher residence, which they at first vigorously denied, but they finally owned up that they were the parties.

The officers brought the women to the Chelsea council rooms in nearly a frozen condition from their nights ride in the rain and snow. After being warmed up were taken to the room of officer Hepburn in the McKune house where they were detained until morning. When the horse was taken to Martin's livery barn it was recognized as belonging to Lancaster's livery stable in Clinton.

The women gave their names as Mrs. Tilly Best, aged 32 years, mother of the child, and Miss Anna Cone, aged 18 years, sisters and both residents of Clinton.

The following was received from Clinton: "Mrs. Tilly Best, who, with her sister, Miss Anna Cone, was arrested in Chelsea early Friday morning, is a former resident of this place, but for the past six months she has resided in Toledo. She was recently separated from her husband, and since that time has not resided here. A short time ago she returned to her home here, bringing with her a young baby. Thursday evening she and her sister started for Gregory to visit a sister who resides there."

The two women were taken before Justice Withersell Friday afternoon. Prosecuting Attorney Storrs was present and upon the request of a number of citizens, the charge of abandoning the child of Mrs. Best was withdrawn, and they were allowed to return to their home in Clinton, after promising to care for the infant. Mrs. Best said at the examination that her husband would not support her and that her father, with whom she has been living, objected to the presence of the infant, so she took this course to rid herself of it.

The Cone family were residents of Chelsea about 35 years ago, moving from here to Gregory, and for the past few years have resided in Clinton where two of the younger sisters of Mrs. Best are employed in the local telephone exchange.

Grange Meeting.

Lafayette Grange will meet with Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Sweetland Friday, November 11, at 10 a. m. The following is the program:

Roll Call—One magazine that interests me and why.

Three conundrums propounded by the overseer. The first member answering all three correctly to receive a prize.

Questions for discussion. Made over dishes. Economical use of meat in the home. Legislative matters.

Three current events with comments upon the same.

General discussion on above topics.

Music—Zobo Band.

SUDDEN DEATH.

Welcome B. Sumner Found Dead Sunday Morning.

Ben Campbell the Pontiac man, who was convicted on the charge of sending a "black hand" letter to Mrs. Henry C. Ward, the wife of a wealthy man of that city, in which he demanded \$10,000 and was sentenced from 15 to 20 years imprisonment in the Jackson state prison, made a get away from the Oakland county officers at Gregory Tuesday about noon as he was being taken to the prison at Jackson.

Deputy Sheriff McClellan of Gregory, followed the convict from Gregory to Chelsea where he was captured at about 10 o'clock in the evening. Deputy Sheriff McClellan and Hepburn followed the convict from Gregory to Chelsea where he was captured at about 10 o'clock in the evening.

Mr. McClellan arrived here ahead of the man and called to his assistance Deputy Sheriff Hepburn and Leach who started out to find the man. He was seen to pass the depot, and when near the residence of Mrs. James Mullens on Jackson street just east of the Michigan Central passenger station, and was captured by Deputy Sheriff Hepburn after three shots had been fired to bring the man to submission.

The man was taken to Jackson prison at 11:02 Tuesday night by Deputy Sheriff Leach and McClellan. Deputy Sheriff Leach did not take any chance of another escape so he handcuffed the prisoner to his brother officer and delivered the man to the prison authorities.

Campbell has had the reputation of being a desperate man and has served time in prison before and will probably get all that is coming to him.

Deserted Baby.

About 9:30 o'clock last Thursday evening a four week old girl baby was left on the front porch of the residence of Mrs. Wm. Fletcher on McKinley street. Mrs. Fletcher and her daughter, Miss Grace, were in the kitchen of their home, and the front door was violently shut, and when they went to the door to investigate the cause, they found a basket awaiting with a crying infant at the door. The child was taken into the house. Mrs. Fletcher also heard a buggy crossing the Michigan Central tracks north of her residence when she was taking the infant into the house.

A few minutes after the child, which was well dressed, was taken into the house, John L. Fletcher, returned home from up town, and at once notified Deputy Sheriff Leach and Hepburn of the abandoned child at his mother's residence.

The officers upon investigation found that two women had driven to the Fletcher residence, left the infant and then had driven north on McKinley street to Dewey avenue, thence west to Main street where they turned north going toward Lyndon. The buggy was rubber tired and the horse had recently been shod, and came from the south. It was very easy for the officers to track the vehicle and the officers met the women driving south two miles north of Chelsea about two o'clock Friday morning. The women had evidently lost their way and stopped the officer to inquire of the way.

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A Regular Tom Boy.

Was Suse—climbing trees and fences, jumping ditches, whittling, always getting scratches, cuts, sprains, bruises, bumps, burns or scalds. But laws! Her mother just applied Buckle's Arnica Salve and cured her quick. Heals everything—hives, boils, ulcers, eczema, old sores, corns or piles. Try it 2c at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co. and L. P. Vogel.

Music—Zobo Band.

The Chelsea Standard

O. T. HOOVER, Publisher.

CHELSEA, MICHIGAN

BLAMED DOGS FOR SICKNESS

Authorities of the Middle Ages Had Little Sympathy for the House-hold Pets.

Disease and the dog were believed to walk together in the sixteenth century. The terrier then was as much a suspect as the rat today. In plague times he had only to venture into the street to court death. Here is an order issued by the authorities at Winchester, in 1585, which is typical of the rest: "That if any house within this city shall happen to be infected with the plague, that then every person to keep within his or her house every his or her dog, and not to suffer them to go at large. And if any dog be then found at large, it shall be lawful for the Beadle or any other person to kill the same dog, and that any owner of such dog going at large shall lose six shillings." Among the records of King's Lynn, under May, 1585, appeared this: "For as much as it hath pleased Almighty God to begin to send us his visitation with sickness amongst us, and that dogs and cats are thought very unfit to be suffered in this time. Therefore Mr. Major, aldermen, and common council have ordered and decreed that every inhabitant within the same town shall forthwith take all their dogs and yappes and hang them or kill them and carry them to some out-place and bury them for breeding of a great annoyance. And likewise for cats, if there be any sickness. . . . It is ordered that the cats shall forthwith be killed in all such places." An exception was made "in favor of any dogge or accompte." Such a one was allowed to be kept if "kennelled or tied up or led in a lease."

Worse and Worse.

"Tipping gets worse and worse on the other side," said Senator Depew in a recent interview.

"A New Mexican told me that at the Savoy in London he went to have a wash before luncheon, but saw a plaid on a mirror, saying:

"Please tip the basin after using."

"This made the man so angry he rushed from the washroom muttering:

"No, I'll go dirty first."

The New Mexican added that, after he got his lunch, he tipped the waiter, the waiter's two helpers, the man who gave him his hat and gloves, and the man who whistled for a taxi. The vehicle rolled out into the Strand, and our friend leaned back with a sigh of relief, when he was aware of a boy in buttons running along beside the window.

"Well, what do you want?" said the New Mexican savagely.

"A few coppers, sir—accordin' to the usual custom, sir," the boy panted.

"Why, what did you do?" snarled the New Mexican.

"If you please, sir," said the boy, "I saw you get into the cab."

Seems to Have Good Case.

Miss Josefa Schneider, a Turkish subject, resident in Constantinople, has brought a suit for damages against the state which throws a vivid light on conditions in Turkey under Abdul Hamid II. According to the Paris *Éclair* one of Abdul's daughters fell seriously ill in the days when he was still padisha and the court physicians recommended an operation for appendicitis. Abdul refused to give his consent until the operation had been performed on someone else, to prove that it was not dangerous to life. Miss Schneider, who had recently spent some time in Constantinople, was handy, so she was forcibly taken from her house and deprived of her appendix. Abdul Hamid was convinced, his daughter was cured and now Miss Schneider's suit is part of his successor's troubles.

Portuguese Vampire.

An atrocious case of a human vampire is reported from Galizana, in Portugal. A young child, son of the local blacksmith, was missing for several days, and was found dead in a field near the town. Examination revealed that the corpse was bloodless. Inquiries led to the apprehension of a merchant, Dom Salvaryer, who was last seen with the child. This man confessed that he had killed the child in order to drink his blood. He declared he suffered from phthisis, and had been told by a gypsy that he could only be cured in this manner. He was assured that several cures had thus been made. It is surmised that this terrible outrage was due to the murderer being mentally deranged, but it is not the first case recorded of such an atrocity.

A Difficult Position.

"Why don't you be your own landlord?" asked the agent.

"I couldn't manage it. Imagine having nobody but yourself to blame because the house is out of repair."

A Nightmare.

"I dreamed that I had a million dollars last night."

"Were you happy?"

"No. I thought the bank where I got it had short-changed me and I was obliged to count it."

Wonderful Faith.

Randall—Bliss evidently has great faith in the lifting power of his airship.

Elliott—Why?

Randall—He's after the contract for raising the Maine.

INVITED TO QUIZ BY THE RAILROADS

STATE NOTES.

MICHIGAN MEN CREDITED WITH BEING OPPOSED TO RATE INCREASE.

SHIPERS OF GRAND RAPIDS ESPECIALLY INTERESTED IN PROPOSED INCREASE.

Shippers and Consumers Will Be Asked to Be Present When Roads Presents Their Side of Case.

The Michigan railroads have practically concluded their case in behalf of increased freight rates. Their showing particularly challenges the attention of Michigan shippers and consumers, for Michigan has been credited by J. P. Morgan & Co. with being stubbornly opposed to the proposed rate increases. So true is this that a member of the Morgan firm has expressed the wish that six or more leading business men of Grand Rapids be present in Washington Nov. 23, when the shippers will make their case against the increases proposed by the roads east of Chicago. It is quite possible that the railroads wish to cross-examine representative men from a section known to be hostile to the rate increases.

County Officials Won't Prosecute.

While Sheriff Watson has heard nothing official from the state railroad commission in regard to the finding on the Durand wreck, in which the commission blames Superintendent Ehrke and Trainmaster Akers, of the Grand Trunk railroad, and recommends their prosecution, it is an assured fact that he will make no move for the arrest of Mr. Ehrke and Mr. Akers, unless the commission reveals information not made public in the report. Sheriff Watson stands ready to co-operate with Prosecutor Hicks in the arrest and prosecution of Graham and Spencer, the men whom the coroner's jury held responsible for the wreck. He declared, however, he would not proceed against either one separately. The commission has absolved Spencer from blame, and includes Lacey, the train conductor, as well as Graham and the officials in the finding. Mr. Hicks and Mr. Watson believe Spencer should be included in any proceedings begun and so a deadlock between the commission on one side, and the Shiawassee county officials on the other, is probable.

Soars Around Statue of Liberty.

John Moisant, of Chicago, exploded upward from the International Aviation meet at Belmont park at New York and flew a 50 horsepower Blériot from Belmont park west by south seventeen miles in an air line to and around the statue of Liberty, and back to the park, 34 miles in all, in 34 minutes, 384 seconds, for a cash prize of \$10,000, donated by Thomas F. Ryan, for the speediest trip to the statue and back during the aviation meet.

Porterhouse at 12c per Pound.

There is a merry war on in Lansing among the meat markets, and no one apparently knows the reason. Porterhouse steak is quoted at 12 cents, sirloin steak at 11 cents, round steak at 10 cents, beef roasts at from 7 cents to 10 cents, picnic hams, 12 cents, pork chuck or sliced, 14 cents, sugar cured ham at 15 cents and cold boiled ham at 20 cents. These are only a few of the prices quoted.

Students to Study Aeronautics.

The University of Michigan Aero club was formed at Ann Arbor with about 100 members, all students. The members of the club purpose studying aviation and the construction of heavier-than-air machines, and in all likelihood several aeroplanes will be constructed next spring. Experiments and a course of lectures under the charge of experienced aviators are only planned.

Strike Oil in Ingham County.

Despite the fact that the state geologists claimed there was absolutely no use to bore for oil in this vicinity, Charles Ricker, a promoter of Ellmore, N. Y., began prospecting on a farm in Delta township, Ingham county, some time ago, and oil was struck at a depth of 826 feet.

There is every indication of a fine flow being obtained.

90c per Capita Out of School Tax.

Auditor-General Fuller stated that the apportionment of primary school moneys will be 90 cents per capita. There are 755,829 school children in the state, and the amount to be apportioned is \$680,246.10. The distribution will begin after Nov. 10.

The common council of Owosso is preparing a defense from public criticism because the board of public works resigned in a body. Council members say a water pump caused the trouble because the council refused to buy it despite the board's recommendation.

At meeting of the supervisors the salaries of two circuit judges of Saginaw county were increased \$1,000.

Sanitarium Chemist Ralph Myers, of Battle Creek, has asked the authorities to exhume the body of Anthony De Wolf, the Grand Trunk brakeman, who, it is believed, was poisoned, so he can make an examination of the liver. He is unable to determine the exact cause of death without the organ, he says.

The Genesee county supervisors have decided to levy a tax of 1 mill, which will net \$25,000. This sum, excepting \$10,000, will be used to repair the county roads. The \$10,000 will be given to the townships who have already taken up the burden of repairing the roads.

40 CASES SMALLPOX IN CITY OF SAGINAW

Citizens Are Being Vaccinated in Wholesale Lots.

SITUATION UNDER CONTROL

Dr. Shumway Says That a Dog in a House Quarantined for Smallpox Should Not Be Allowed to Run at Large.

Lansing.—Dr. F. W. Shumway, secretary of the state board of health, says that although there are more than 40 cases of smallpox reported in the city of Saginaw, the board of health in that city seems to have the situation well under control, and he thinks that the number of vaccinations will prevent a further spread of the disease.

In a letter to Doctor Shumway, M. W. Tanner, president of the Saginaw board of health, stated that people were being vaccinated in wholesale lots. It is the hope of the board that at least 15,000 residents of Saginaw may be inoculated before the disease is permitted to gain a stronger hold.

It is the opinion of Doctor Shumway that a dog in a house quarantined for smallpox should not be allowed to run at large, as he claims that dogs may easily communicate the disease. As yet the state department has taken no hand in stamping out the disease, as Doctor Shumway says the local authorities are handling it in an excellent manner at present.

Universalists in Convention.

Universalists from all parts of the state are coming into the city to attend the sixty-seventh annual meeting of the Michigan Universalist churches in session at First Universalist church. Among those who had arrived were the president, Rev. Howard B. Bard of Grand Rapids, formerly of the First Universalist church of this city, and Rev. Lee S. McColister, D. D., of Detroit, secretary of the convention.

The women of the First Universalist church are acting as hostesses and sort of mistresses of ceremony and are receiving the guests and serving the meals.

The first conference was in charge of ministers and laymen who discussed the ministerial situation in Michigan, the increase in the ministry, and the Laymen's league plans. The second conference was led by the women of the state, who discussed the church and "club work" of the women. Mrs. I. M. Buck of this city led during this conference and Mrs. S. L. Holmes of Detroit acted as secretary.

The first formal and probably first full gathering of the delegates was at the vesper service, when Mrs. Myrtle Koon Cherryman, the pastor's assistant at All Soul's church, Grand Rapids, conducted the service, speaking on Maeterlinck's "Sister Beatrice."

Devotional service was in charge of Rev. C. I. Deyo of Manchester, followed by a platform meeting, Rev. George R. Rogers presiding and speaking on "The New Religious Emphasis." Rev. I. D. Case, D. D., of Chicago, and Rev. Lee S. McColister of Detroit also spoke.

Illegal Trappers Trapped.

Violators of the state game laws are keeping Warden Pierce and his deputies busy these days and numerous arrests are reported to the Lansing office every day. For several weeks the deputy wardens have kept a sharp lookout for trappers who have been in the habit of catching muskrats ahead of the regular season. Deputy George Smith made record catch at Manistee, landing two trappers who had over 900 muskrat skins in their possession.

According to Mr. Pierce, an effort will be made to have the next legislature enact a law to protect squirrels for a period of years. Reports from various parts of the state show that the squirrels are rapidly being exterminated.

Back the Commission.

C. W. Garfield of Grand Rapids, president of the Michigan Forestry association, conferred with Secretary A. C. Carton of the public domain commission relative to plans for the annual meeting of the association in Kalamazoo November 15 and 16.

"The principal business of the association now is to back up the great work that the public domain commission is doing," said Mr. Garfield. "We are all well pleased with the results obtained and hope to see the legislature increase the appropriation this winter in order that greater benefits can be secured next year."

Urge Convict Work on Roads.

State Highway Commissioner Ely, in a report made to Governor Warner, for the state industrial commission, urges the use of the convicts at the Marquette prison in quarrying trap rock for use in the construction of good roads throughout the state. He appended to his report a blueprint, showing the location of an extensive quarry of trap rock near the prison, and a letter from the owners stating the state may have the rock for 5 cents a ton.

Involves 200 Veterinarians.

Unless Doctor Brinton of Detroit, secretary of the state veterinary board, appears in a police court at Grand Rapids with the books of his office, as directed by the courts, he will undoubtedly be escorted here by an officer sent to bring him on a charge of contempt of court.

This declaration was made by Police Magistrate Hess when the case of the people vs. A. B. Muir was called.

The case is one brought for his alleged invalid registration as a veterinarian and the alleged illegal use of the prefix before his name. The registration phase of the case is deemed important, inasmuch as it reflects the standing of about 200 veterinarians in this state, all of whom hold certificates of registration similar to Muir's. The prosecution contends that the certificates which were issued by the state board secretary without action by the board are not valid and by a resolution passed by the board about a year ago they were declared vacated and invalid. There had been about 200 issued by the secretary and all of them are in the form, used in cases where the board had acted directly.

Michigan Patents.

Michigan patents were issued as follows: George R. Beegan, Detroit, stove pipe clamp; William M. Bullock, Grand Rapids, advertising sign; Charles F. Cooper, Detroit, fishhook; Elmer W. Cornell, Traverse City, cultivator attachment; Cornelius A. Depree, A. Leenhouts and J. J. Mersen, Holland, fumigating apparatus; Willard Graves, Pontiac, shield; Gilbert H. Haigh and J. R. Fortune, Detroit, furnace; Peter J. Holm, Sparta, governor; Russell Huff, Detroit, hydrocarbon engine ignition system; Enoch Iser, Central Lake, adjustable ladder base; Boylan P. Kenyon, Grand Rapids, caster socket, also tubular axle for casters; Oswald R. Mayer and J. W. Schoette, Ann Arbor, loose leaf binder; Henry W. Schmidt, Detroit, spring vehicle wheel; Luther J. Severson and H. Moak, Port Huron, grading machine; John Swiegels, Wayne, pruning implement; James E. Thompson, Elkhorn, storm shield for vehicles; Ira M. Thurlow, Menominee, saw milking setting and reeding mechanism; William F. Trippensee, Detroit, ticket-vending machine; Reinhardt Wendt, Muskegon, combined shade curtain and drapery support for rollers; Lyman A. Wheat, Battle Creek, double line rotary press.

Loss Money Under New Schedule.

Because he is certain that the lumbering about Alpena along the line of the Detroit & Mackinac railroad will in five years be a thing of the past, Attorney Fred A. Baker of Detroit expressed his views before the state railway commission in a manner that made that body sit up and take notice. Baker said that were he to fix the rates of that road, he would increase the rates even as high as 20 per cent, for in his opinion the D. & M. railroad was entitled to higher rates than other roads in the state, for with the passing of the lumber industry along the road the passenger traffic would not place the road on a paying basis.

The hearing was for the purpose of obtaining further testimony to present to the Wayne county court in chambers, where the D. & M. officials are trying to have the recent rates ordered by the state railroad commission annulled. The road claims that if the new schedule on lumber and logs is put into force, the road will lose considerable in a financial way, which it is not in a position to do.

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Defeats Game Wardens.

A case which has been attracting a great deal of attention among the fishermen of the state has been ended in the circuit court of Leelanau county. The action was brought by Joseph Haas, of South Manitou island, against Charles Smith and J. B. Eddy, deputy game wardens, because they confiscated several kegs of salted whitefish which they claimed were illegal and which were proved before Judge F. W. Mayo to be legal size. Both deputies were fined the value of the consignment and the interest, \$87.25.

Tax Assessments Raised 75 Per Cent.

Secretary Lord, of the state tax commission, gives out the information that after a careful survey of figures, he finds the average increase, where assessed valuations have been reviewed by the commission, is 75 per cent.

The township assessments have not all been recorded, but the cities are all in, and the raised valuations of cities alone is over \$50,000,000.

Practically the entire force of clerks or all that can be spared from the regular routine of work, with an additional force of outside clerks, are now busily engaged in gathering data for the state board of equalization, which meets in Lansing next August.

Thirty Women Under Arrest.

As a result of officers locating a 14-year-old girl in a resort in Hancock, 30 warrants were issued for the arrest of women implicated in the crime. A general moral housecleaning of the city is planned by the authorities. Other cases of alleged white slavery are being investigated.

The girl in the present case is the niece of a local business man. Three young men are under bail, charged with a serious offense against her.

The will of the late Gardner K. Grout, of Saginaw, father of Mrs. Louis Hill, widow of the late Arthur Hill, gives \$100 and divides a \$25,000 estate equally between three other children.

G. A. Young, of Owosso, secretary of the Y. M. C. A. and prohibition nominee for secretary of state, is being criticized by church members because he had installed a billiard and pool table in the association rooms. One pastor has refused to announce the time of Y. M. C. A. meetings.

Irwin Smith, 14 years old, of Cadillac, was "playing horse" with his 12-year-old brother. The boy was on Irwin's back, riding around the room. He grabbed a knife from a table, unbuttoned, and the boy playfully struck out with the knife and gouged out Irwin's right eye.

According to Señor Manuel Secadas, a special commissioner delegated by the Cuban government to make a study of police jails and prisons, a government prison and ten police jails will shortly be built in Havana. The buildings will be similar

SERIAL STORY

Archibald's Agatha

By
EDITH
HUNTINGTON
MASON

Author of
"The Real Agatha"

Copyright 1910 by W. G. Chapman.
Copyright in Great Britain.

SYNOPSIS.

and I looked at Pederson, the chauffeur, in dismay.
"What's to be done?" I asked, but received no help from that quarter, only a dismal shake of the head.

Nevertheless assistance I did receive, though rather unexpectedly. The accident had occurred, as I have said, in the middle of the woods just where two roads crossed, and standing at the entrance to one of these roads I now observed a small boy, a little freckle-faced village lad, who stared at us as if he'd never seen an automobile before, and they're surely common enough!

But it appeared that he had, for when Freer remarked uselessly and obviously for the third time, "What beastly luck to have forgotten the jack. Now if only it had happened out on the main road instead of in this short-cut, we would have stood a chance of borrowing one from another car!" the little chap who was standing by, came forward and informed us in a shrill childish pipe that if it was another machine we wanted he'd seen a "big feller" come through that same wood not a minute ago and it had stopped not far away. And he pointed a grimy thumb over his shoulder toward the road that led to our left.

"O, they stopped, did they?" I asked, and thought to myself with some satisfaction that they were in trouble, too. The misery that so often attends an automobilist is especially fond of company.

"Wonder if they'd lend us a jack?" I remarked aloud. "What kind of a machine was it, kid?"

"A whoppin' big-feller, red, like your lordship's," said the boy. Of course he knew me, even if I didn't know him. He was probably the butcher's or baker's boy from Wye on his way back from the castle.

"Sounds rather promising," said Dearest. "Do go and see if they can't help us out. I don't want Agatha Lawrence to walk all that way home in this mud!"

"Very well," I said, "but it sounds as if they were in need of assistance



Agatha First Rose in the Machine.

themselves! Why else should they want to stop in the middle of the woods? However, I'll make the attempt. Freer, you stay by the ladies, and I'll go and see what I can do!" And just stopping to give the little boy a shilling or two for his information, I strode down the wood road in the direction he had pointed out.

I hadn't gone far and was just wondering again what in the world would possess any one to push down so narrow a road in a big machine, when the machine in question came in sight. It was a big touring car, red like mine, to be sure, but an entirely different make, and I stopped and stared at it in an overwhelming surprise. But not for any reason in connection with the automobile itself. It was the girl who was its sole passenger that held my attention and caused my surprise. Sitting in the front seat, a light pongee coat about her, with an air of expectancy, as if she awaited the coming of some one not far off, sat Agatha First. Yes, the very same. As cheerful and as much herself as if she had not pleaded a headache as an excuse for not automobilizing with us that morning.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Burlesque Wedding Guests.

Poulbot, a Paris caricaturist, having determined upon so commonplace a step as getting married, decided that he would be married in no commonplace way. He asked all his friends to the wedding, but there was a sine qua non condition attached to the invitation. You had to go with a "made-up head," or you would not be admitted. Preferably you were requested to make up as a country cousin at a village wedding. Some guests arrived as ancient peasants, others as village idiots. There were several bluff squires and rural elderly gentlemen with means, a number of retired officers and exuberant uncles from the south, besides fierce military gentlemen from the hottest stations of Algeria. The only persons who wore their natural physiognomies were the couple most concerned. They had drawn the line at making up themselves as a burlesque bride and a comic bridegroom.

Caught!

"Do you remember me buying a hair matress from you the other day?" asked the lady.

"Perfectly well, ma'am," was the reply of the dealer.

"Well, I've discovered that only about one-quarter of the filling is hair."

"Then you certainly do seem to have me where the hair is short, ma'am."

A Few.

You will find all sorts of people in the world, including a few who pretend to like mineral water.—Atchison Globe.

The resources with which any country is to maintain its industrial and commercial supremacy are put short by "brains."

SERIOUS FUNGUS DISEASE OF EUROPEAN POTATOES

Known as "Black Scab" and Every Effort Should be Made to Prevent Its Development in This Country.

During the past thirteen years a serious fungus disease of potatoes has spread throughout European countries. It was first recorded from Hungary in 1896 and appeared in England in 1901 and is known as the "black scab," "warty disease" and "potato canker." During the years that have elapsed since the disease first became known it has spread into Ireland, Scotland, England, Scandinavia, Germany, France, Italy and Newfoundland and is prevalent over the greater part of Europe. It was not known on the American continent until it appeared in Newfoundland in 1909.

The extraordinary virulence of the disease and the rapidity with which it has spread, make it necessary to warn all potato growers to be on the lookout for this disease.

Where allowed to establish itself it renders the cultivation of potatoes extremely difficult, as they cannot be raised on that ground for a period of at least six years. Therefore, stringent preventive measures should be used to keep this disease out of the United States. By the terms of the "Destructive insect and pests order of 1908" in England, Scotland and Wales, persons concealing this disease are liable to prosecution and a heavy penalty.

It is believed that the disease is likely to be introduced into the United States at any time. In order that the disease may be recognized and promptly reported, it is fully described by H. T. Gossow in a bulletin of the central experimental farm of Canada and by W. A. Orton of the United States bureau of plant

that of a pea. The gray surface of the swollen eye is dotted over with golden-yellow rings, as seen with a pocket lens. Some tubers will be found, when the crop is harvested, with more or less than one-half of them covered by these warty excrescences, which in some instances are larger than the tuber itself. This warty growth consists of a coral-like mass, or more or less scaly excrescences, similar in appearance to the well-known crown or root gall of apples. The warts are of a somewhat lighter color at the base and dotted

Disease Attacking Eyes.

with minute rusty brown spots over the surface. In advanced stages, the tubers are wholly covered with this growth, and have lost every semblance to potatoes.

A still more advanced stage occurs when the fungus has utilized every particle of food stored in the potato and has reduced it to a brownish-black soft mass, giving off a very unpleasant odor. This is the most dangerous stage of the disease, as tubers which have reached it cannot be harvested whole. They break in pieces and thus the brownish-pulp

is exposed to the elements.

With the ice cream, which will be plain vanilla, serve preserved yellow pumpkin. It tastes much better than it sounds and is a beautiful yellow to carry out the color scheme. Cut the pumpkin in dainty cubes and preserve with orange and lemon. It is the custom with many who entertain, when carrying out a color scheme, to tie the rolls with ribbon of the color used in the decoration. Ribbon seems very much out of place on food; it may be used in the table decoration to advantage or to tie up small boxes of candy as favors or in countless pleasing ways, but as an ornament or garnish for food, it seems inappropriate.

The KITCHEN CABINET



CANDOR is the soul of a noble mind, the ornament and pride of man, the sweetest charm of woman, the scorn of rascals and the rarest virtue of sociability.—Sterns.

For a Yellow Luncheon.

During the golden rod season a very attractive luncheon may be served. Let the rooms and porches be decorated with the feathered yellow blossoms, having all the table pieces low and not too large.

For the menu serve a delicate soup like cream of celery, and on top of each place a spoonful of whipped cream, and for the yellow color just a suggestion of egg yolk from a hard-cooked egg puréed through a ricer or sieve. If one wishes to omit the soup, a fruit course may be substituted, or both may be served. For the fruit course, the rich yellow of mush melons served in balls made with a French potato cutter and dressed with a bit of lemon juice and powdered sugar, is very good. For the main dish, chicken croquettes with white sauce garnished with yellow cheese, might prove most appetizing.

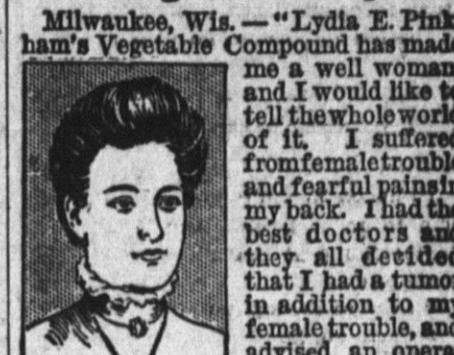
Mrs. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound made me a well woman and I have no more backache. I hope I can help others by telling them what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me.—Mrs. EMMA LIMSE, 833 First St., Milwaukee, Wis.

The above is only one of the thousands of grateful letters which are constantly being received by the Pinkham Medicine Company of Lynn, Mass., which prove beyond a doubt that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound actually does cure these obstinate diseases of women after all other means have failed, and that every such suffering woman owes it to herself to at least give Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound a trial before submitting to an operation, or giving up hope of recovery.

Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health and her advice is free.

AFTER SUFFERING ONE YEAR

Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound



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Why the Boy Gave Thanks.

Alan had played the entire day with little brother without an impatient word. After saying his customary prayer that night, his mother suggested that he add: "I thank God I was not impatient with little brother today." This he did with much fervency; after which he remarked that there were some other things he would like to thank God for, and forthwith he closed his eyes and said:

"I thank God I offered my candy to father before taking any myself."

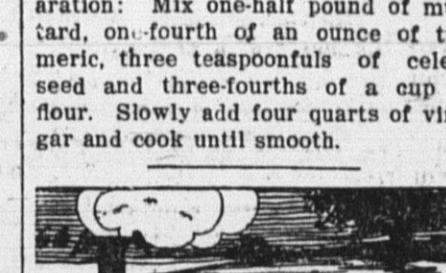
"I thank God I offered my candy to mother before taking any myself."

"I thank God I offered my candy to little brother before taking any myself."

"And I thank God there was some left."—Lippincott's.

Mustard Pickles.

Take two quarts of small cucumbers, the same of small onions and tomatoes, one quart of wax beans, three green peppers chopped fine. Let stand in salt water to cover over night, using half a cupful of salt in enough water to cover the vegetables, put a weight upon them. In the morning scald until tender in clear water, drain and pour over the following mustard preparation: Mix one-half pound of mustard, one-fourth of an ounce of turmeric, three teaspoonsful of celery seed and three-fourths of a cup of flour. Slowly add four quarts of vinegar and cook until smooth.



Potato Plant Attacked by Wart Disease.

industry, in a circular recently issued. When the disease is prevalent no healthy tubers will develop. When lifted they will show various degrees of injury. The first indication of the disease may be noticed around the eyes of the potato, which show an abnormal development of the dormant shoot. In this condition the disease

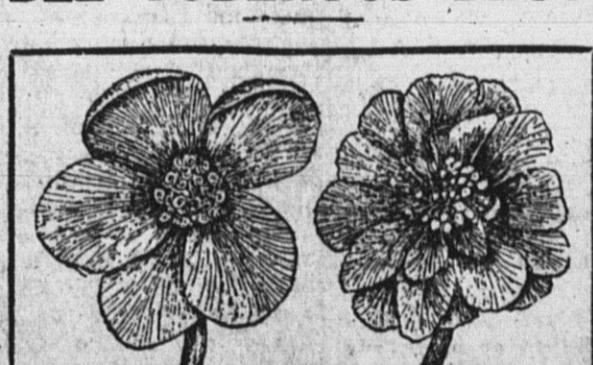
is easily to escape detection and thus be spread by the use of infected tubers as seed. In the earlier stages of the disease the eye will be found slightly protruding in the form of single or compound group of small nodules, varying from the size of a pin head to

Tuber Covered With Disease.

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Never use seed potatoes from a diseased crop. If the seed is suspected, the sets should be powdered with sulphur and stored in boxes until planted. Four or five pounds of sulphur is sufficient to treat one ton of potatoes.

DOUBLE TUBEROUS BEGONIAS



Many of those who have purchased tubers of the Double Tuberous Begonias have felt disappointed when the plants began to bloom, and censured the florist for selling begonias that were not true to name, because part of the flowers on each stalk were single. The little sketch herewith given of single and semi-double flowers will afford some idea of the variation. Both of the flowers represented were taken from the same plant, and in the double flower some of the stamens were only half developed into petals. This character of the Tuberous Begonias should be borne in mind, as it may save some disappointment in the flowers and save the florist from being unjustly the subject of censure, and receiving anathemas of the wrathful gardener.

Caught!

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"Perfectly well, ma'am," was the reply of the dealer.

"Well, I've discovered that only about one-quarter of the filling is hair."

"Then you certainly do seem to have me where the hair is short, ma'am."

A Few.

You will find all sorts of people in the world, including a few who pretend to like mineral water.—Atchison Globe.

The resources with which any country is to maintain its industrial and commercial supremacy are put short by "brains."

Corn Relish.

Cut corn from 12 ears of corn, chop a small head of cabbage fine, sprinkle salt all over the cabbage and let it stand three hours. Drain off the water and put corn and cabbage together, add one cupful of sugar, two quarts of vinegar, one-half cupful of ground mustard, four small red peppers chopped fine cook all until tender, seal in bottles or pint cans. If one does not like cabbage, celery may be substituted.

To Can Tomatoes.

Take one gallon of water, one cupful of salt and when boiling drop in peeled tomatoes and cook until thoroughly scalded, place in cans, using a skimmer to drain off all the brine. The juice of the tomatoes will make enough liquid to cover and the brine may be reheated for other tomatoes. The brine at last may be canned as it will be less salty after using and after straining it may be used for soups.

Water Melon Rind Pickles.

Peel the rind and cut in one-inch slices, let stand over night in salt water. Make a syrup of four pounds of sugar, two tablespoonsfuls of ground cinnamon, one teaspoonful of cloves and two quarts of vinegar. Tie the spices in a cloth, pour the hot syrup over the drained melon rind, add the pickles, let stand 24 hours and reheat the syrup four mornings in succession cover for winter use.

Nellie Maxwell.

HE grandest thing in having rights," said George McDonald, "is that, being your rights, you can give them up." "Love seeketh not its own." It is ready always to yield even that which it might justly claim.

Digestible and Nutritious Foods.

There are those, who even yet, after much has been said and written about foods, their digestibility and value in repairing waste and building tissue, speak of digestible and nutritious as synonymous terms.

Foods may be very easily digested

that contain little nutriment, for example, the oyster is easily digested

but is not as nutritious as we once supposed it to be. Gelatine is easily digested but is of little value as a food. The tissue-building foods are milk, cheese, eggs, fish, lean meat, poultry, dried beans, peas, nuts and grapes, dates, figs, honey and sugar.

A digestible food is one that is assimilated, a nutritive food is one that

digests waste, builds tissue and gives heat and energy.

Never use seed potatoes from a diseased crop. If the seed is suspected, the sets should be powdered with sulphur and stored in boxes until planted. Four or five pounds of sulphur is sufficient to treat one ton of potatoes.

Those foods that supply muscular

energy and if eaten in excess are

stored in the body in the form of fat,

are underground vegetables, corn,

rice, bacon, olive oil, cream, butter,

grapes, dates, figs, honey and sugar.

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The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper published every Thursday afternoon from its office in the Standard building, East Middle street, Chelsea, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER.

Terms—\$1.00 per year; six months, fifty cents; three months, twenty-five cents. To foreign countries \$1.50 per year. Advertising rates reasonable and made known on application.

* Entered as second-class matter, March 5, 1908, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, under the Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

REPUBLICAN TICKET.

For Representative in Congress—

W. W. WEDEMEYER.

For State Senator—

FRANK T. NEWTON.

For Member Legislature—

JOHN KALMBACH.

For Sheriff—

LESTER CANFIELD.

For County Clerk—

CHARLES L. MILLER.

For County Treasurer—

H. W. CRIPEN.

For Register of Deeds—

GEO. W. SWEET.

For Prosecuting Attorney—

FRED M. FREEMAN.

For Circuit Commissioners—

EDWARD B. BENSCOE,

WILLIAM S. PUTNAM.

For Coroners—

S. W. BURCHFIELD,

W. G. JOHNSON.

For Drain Commissioner—

WILBUR JARVIS.

ATTENTION has been called to the fact, but it can well be repeated, that the election of a Republican United States Senator in Michigan as the result of the coming state election can only be accomplished through the election of Republican members of the state legislature. Congressman Charles E. Townsend was made the candidate of the Republicans of Michigan at the primary election, but under the terms of our state constitution the senator from this state must be formally elected by the next state legislature. Failure on the part of Michigan Republicans to elect a majority of the legislature would result in the defeat of Mr. Townsend and the election of a Democratic senator from this state. Your vote for the Republican candidates for member of the legislature and state senator from your district will be a vote for Mr. Townsend for United States senator, and in no other way at this time can the individual Republican voter assist in Mr. Townsend's election. It is important not only to the Republicans of Michigan, but to all who are interested in the progress and advancement of our state, that this matter should be kept clearly in mind.

JOHN KALMBACH, the republican nominee for representative in the state legislature from this district, is the first man from this section for many years to receive this honor, and local pride, coupled with the fact that Mr. Kalmbach is capable of fulfilling the duties of this important office in a most satisfactory manner, will undoubtedly result in his election next Tuesday by a large majority. Mr. Kalmbach is a man of ability, an indefatigable worker, and will be on the job all of the time during the sessions of the legislature, and will look after the interests of his constituents. Not only should he receive the votes of the voters of this district for his own worth, but his election means a vote at the joint session of the state senate and legislature for Hon. Chas. E. Townsend for United States Senator. Mr. Kalmbach is a native of Sylvan and has spent his entire life here. He has made his way by his own unaided efforts, and will give the office the same attention that he has given his private business.

HON. W. W. WEDEMEYER, republican candidate for congress, was born in Lima township, and his younger years were spent there. The people of this section realize Mr. Wedemeyer's worth and qualifications for this office, and his vote in this section should be a large one. Mr. Wedemeyer worked his way through the University of Michigan by his own hard work, and has been most successful in all of his undertakings. He is a splendid representative of the newer spirit in American politics. His life and acts; his own struggles and experiences; his closeness to the hearts and lives of the everyday man—all of these things give the best and safest assurance that when elected to congress, William W. Wedemeyer will stand for the great progressive movements, and will be found fighting always for the best interests of the great masses of our people.

THE republicans have placed in the field a ticket of which they can well feel proud, and one of which all members of the party can unite and present a solid front. Next Tuesday is election day, and every republican should make it a point to go to the polls and cast his vote for the entire ticket.

FRED M. FREEMAN, republican candidate for prosecuting attorney, is well qualified to fulfill the duties of this office, is a representative on the ticket from the western end of the county. If elected, which he will undoubtedly be, he will give the office the attention that such an important office should receive, and the people will find that they have not made any mistake by voting for him next Tuesday.

THE voters of this section of the county will remember on election day that Lester Canfield, republican candidate for sheriff, was a native of Lyndon township and spent many years of his earlier life in this vicinity. His friends here are legion and he will receive a large vote.

PERSONALS.

Fred Mapes was in Jackson Sunday. Miss Anna Mast spent Friday in Ann Arbor.

Fred Belser, of Detroit, spent Sunday in Chelsea.

Mrs. M. Boyd spent several days of this week in Detroit.

Miss Marie Halzie spent Sunday with Detroit friends.

Miss Mary Haab visited relatives in Ann Arbor Sunday.

Geo. A. BeGole spent Sunday in Decatur with relatives.

T. Raymond, of Grass Lake, was a Chelsea visitor Wednesday.

Henry Dwight, of Leoni, spent Wednesday with Chelsea friends.

Miss Rose Oesterle, of Jackson, is the guest of her mother here.

Mrs. E. Rankin, of Ann Arbor, was a Chelsea visitor Tuesday.

Miss Ella Slimmer was the guest of relatives in Tecumseh Sunday.

Mrs. C. Staffan, of Ann Arbor, spent Tuesday with Chelsea relatives.

Mrs. John McKernan and daughter Mayme were Pinckney visitors Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Canfield, of Detroit, spent Sunday with relatives here.

Miss Hazel Speer, of Hillsdale, spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents here.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Webster were Battle Creek visitors Saturday and Sunday.

Mrs. F. H. Belser spent several days of this week with her sister in Detroit.

Mrs. M. J. Noyes attended the funeral of a friend in Detroit last Thursday.

Mrs. Fred Chase and daughter, of Jackson, spent the first of the week with Chelsea relatives.

Adam Eppler and Floyd VanRiper were guests at the home of H. R. Hague in Jackson Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Adams, of Marengo, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Abne Beach.

Harry and Ola Hammond, of Ann Arbor, spent Sunday with their mother, Mrs. Mary Hammond.

The Lima and Scio Farmers Club will meet with Mrs. Fannie Ward Wednesday, November 9.

Mrs. B. Keyes and sister, Mrs. L. Morse, went to Detroit Tuesday to attend the funeral of their nephew, Pardon Keyes.

Mrs. Helen Hull and Mrs. J. Abraham, of Jackson, are guests of Mr. and Mrs. Bernard Steinbach this week.

Geo. H. Mitchell, of Chicago, arrived here Wednesday and will spend the next ten days at his Chelsea home.

Mrs. Geo. A. BeGole, who spent the past week at the home of her mother in Decatur, returned to her Chelsea home Monday.

Mrs. Jane Tuttle, of Chicago, Mrs. Wm. Canfield, of Detroit, and Mrs. R. Chase spent Wednesday at the home of Wesley Canfield.

FOR DYSPEPSIA

You Risk Nothing by Trying This 'Remedy.'

We want every one troubled with indigestion and dyspepsia to come to our store and obtain a box of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets. They contain Bismuth-Subnitrate and Pepsin prepared by a process which develops their greatest power to overcome digestive disturbance.

Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets are very pleasant to take. They soothe the irritable, weak stomach, strengthen and invigorate the digestive organs, relieve nausea and indigestion, promote nutrition and bring about a feeling of comfort.

If you give Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets a reasonable trial we will return your money if you are not satisfied with the result. Three sizes, 25 cents, 50 cents and \$1.00. Remember you can obtain Rexall remedies only at—The Rexall Store.

A Regular Tom Boy.

Was Susie—climbing trees and jumping ditches, whittling, always getting scratches, cuts, sprains, bruises, burns, or scalds. Was laws! Her mother just applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve and cured her quick. Heals everything healable—ulcers, eczema, old sores, corns or piles. Try it 25¢ at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co. and L. P. Vogel.

CORRESPONDENCE.

LYNDON CENTER.

Guy Barton is attending school in Stockbridge.

Raymond McKune is with the Roepcke Bros. threshing rig.

Silas Young made a business trip to Sylvan Center on Monday last.

Geo. McNeavy of Sharon, spent Tuesday with Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Hankard.

Miss Anna McKune, who works in the Waterloo store, is spending a few days at home.

The young people are planning to have a social party at the hall on Friday evening next.

Edward Gorman, jr., and daughter Alma, of Detroit, spent a few days of last week at the farm home here.

Eureka Grange was to hold a meeting on Friday evening last but on account of the rain no meeting was held.

Dr. T. I. Clark of Jackson, and Cecil Clark of Chelsea, spent Sunday at the home of their father, John Clark and family.

Roepcke Bros. of Unadilla, are in the neighborhood threshing beans and clover seed. Beans are yielding around ten bushels per acre, some more, some less.

We understand that Orville Gorton, who lives just over the Lyndon line in Waterlooville, threshed 36 bushels of clover seed from ten acres. Pretty good for this or any other year.

Miss Josephine Fallon, who has been spending some time with her aunt here, Miss Nellie Young, and with friends in Detroit, left last week for Washington state, where she will resume her work as professional nurse.

Edward Gorman thinks seriously of going to South Dakota where he holds a homestead allotment of considerable value, which he drew over a year ago in the Rose Bud distribution of Indian lands. His son Thomas is located not far from there in the practice of law.

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Miss Dea Killiam, of Adrian, is visiting relatives here.

Fred Smith has been spending a few days in Wyandotte.

Mrs. L. Morse, of Lyons, is visiting her sister, Mrs. B. Keyes.

Mrs. Fannie Hough, of Kalamazoo, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Mary Rockwell.

Mr. and Mrs. Adams, of Marengo, spent Saturday and Sunday at the home of Abne Beach.

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MAN'S DAYS FULL OF SORROW

According to Pessimistic Writer, His Troubles May All Be Traced to One Source.

Man born of woman is of few days—days full of women.

In his infancy, women trot him upon their knees when he wishes to lie in his cradle and think. They give him hugs and kisses when he thirsteth for milk.

And lo, when he hath grown lusty and strong and his soul craveth caresses, they give him the merry ha ha!

In the days of his childhood he riseth to be spanked by a nurse. At eventide he saith his prayers in the shadow of a slipper upheld by the hand that rocketh the cradle.

The days of his youth are darkened because many women give him the mitten; and the years of his manhood are embittered because one woman did not.

He goeth forth in the morning—to be sued for breach of promise.

At high noon, still a man though sadly harried, he seeketh refuge on the altar; and behold, he emergeth from the sanctuary but the half of a woman.

He seeketh his bed at night, and lo, how the woman with the serpent's tongue stingeth his ear!

He acquires a mistress by marriage, and loseth her by divorce.

By toll he accumulateth a pile, and death it halved by alimony. This he repeateth many times until he thinketh: "Verily, it were better to wed a rich grass widow and feed upon the succulent green herbage all the days of my life."

But lo, the wildest pasture hath a fence, which soon becometh an offence.

Like a caged gamecock, he paneth for freedom—and fleeth the coop.

Terrell Love Holliday, in Smart Set.

A Regular Tom Boy.

Was Susie—climbing trees and jumping ditches, whittling, always getting scratches, cuts, sprains, bruises, burns or scalds. Was laws!

Her mother just applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve and cured her quick. Heals everything healable—ulcers, eczema, old sores, corns or piles. Try it 25¢ at L. T. Freeman Co., H. H. Fenn Co. and L. P. Vogel.

See Grinnell Bros. display of pianos in Steinbach block.

George J. Burke.

George J. Burke, the democratic candidate for Prosecuting Attorney of Washtenaw county was born on a farm in Northfield township. He earned his own way through high school and the University of Michigan and has been practicing law in the city of Ann Arbor since he left college.

Mr. Burke's honesty and integrity have never been questioned, and his friends, of whom he has a large number in this section of the county, unite in saying that if he is elected prosecuting attorney he will discharge the duties of the office in a fair, impartial and competent manner.

Miss Anna McKune, who works in the Waterloo store, is spending a few days at home.

Raymond McKune is with the Roepcke Bros. threshing rig.

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THE REPUBLICAN TICKET



A BUGLE CALL TO REPUBLICANS

E RINGING ENDORSEMENT OF CHASE S. OSBORN AND CHARLES E. TOWNSEND
BY COL. ROOSEVELT.

Progressive, Singly Able and Honest Man for Governor.

Great Desirability of Electing Townsend Senator.

The following telegram sent by President Roosevelt to Curtis Guild, then governor of Massachusetts, in response to Mr. Guild's request to Roosevelt to come to Michigan to speak in the campaign in behalf of Mr. Osborn and Mr. Townsend and the entire republican ticket, speaks itself:

Thank you for the telegram. I see with every word you say in describing the situation in Michigan I deeply regret that it is a physical impossibility for me to accept the invitation to go to Michigan to take part in the campaign for the entire republican ticket as I would gladly do. I thoroughly understand as you that in Michigan the progressives in a clear-cut victory; that their term takes a proper stand in favor of a tariff commission and conservation of natural resources. My friend, Chase S. Osborn, the candidate for governor, is a progressive and a truly able and honest man. However, I also agree with you as to the great desirability of electing

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

CHASE S. OSBORN'S RECORD

Reference to the records of our state in connection with the railroad commissioner's department show that much was accomplished during the years that Chase S. Osborn was state railroad commissioner than during any other similar period in the history of Michigan.

One of Mr. Osborn's very first acts in connection with his desire to throw every possible safeguard around trains and to prevent accidents was to create a new division of his department for the exclusive consideration of overhead wire matters.

Through the prompt work of that division during the first year of his incumbency 7,000 wire crossings were expected, 5,000 of which were found defective and repairs and changes compelled.

From the first day of his term of office as railroad commissioner, until the last hour of service, Chase S. Osborn was constant in his efforts to realize the separation of grades for railroads and this effort extended to electric roads and street railroads and wherever possible to highway crossings.

"There is absolutely no way to adequately protect life and property at railroad crossings except by separation of grades," he declared, and on that declaration was based an activity such as Mr. Osborn always gives to matters concerning which he is strongly in earnest.

In one year he secured separation of grades at twenty-three different points, accomplishing more in that direction during that one year than had been accomplished during all the previous history of our state.

It is also true that more was effected through Mr. Osborn's efforts in the way of securing the adoption of railroad safety appliances than had been brought about through all past years.

Through Commissioner Osborn's efforts in the matter of requiring all that was due to the state in cases of doubt and controversy, extra receipts for the state treasury from railroad fares were secured to an amount in excess of the entire cost of maintaining the state railroad department, including salaries and the expenses of all its officials.

It is further very well remembered by the people of Michigan that it was during Mr. Osborn's term as state railroad commissioner that the special

For Governor—
CHASE S. OSBORN,
of Chippewa County

For Lieutenant Governor—
JOHN Q. ROSS,
of Muskegon County.

For Secretary of State—
FREDERICK C. MARTINDALE,
of Wayne County.

For State Treasurer—
ALBERT E. SLEEPER,
of Sanilac County.

For Auditor General—
ORAMEL B. FULLER,
of Delta County.

For Attorney General—
FRANZ C. KUHN,
of Macomb County.

For Commissioner of the State Land Office—
HUNTLEY RUSSELL,
of Kent County.

For Justice of the Supreme Court
(to fill vacancy)—
JOHN E. BIRD,
of Lenawee County.

Mr. Townsend as senator. Mr. Townsend and as joint author with Mr. Esch of the first railroad rate bill while I was in the White House did excellent work for railway rate legislation and I heartily wish him success as senator. It is a cause of genuine regret to me that I am not able to go and do all I can for the entire ticket in Michigan. Mr. Osborn is a man like Stimson, of New York, who will clean house from cellar to garret, driving every wrongdoer from office. The effective way to prevent a thorough clean-up would be not to elect him and indeed a failure to elect him would be a genuine calamity from the standpoint of good citizenship. Mr. Townsend's attitude on the railroad rate legislation is sufficient proof of the desirability of sending him to the senate, and this can only be done by voting for the republican candidates for the legislature. Michigan republicans have nominated two progressive candidates and it is imperative that they give them aggressive support at the polls. (Signed)

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

charters of all Michigan railroads were repealed.

And they will further recall that much was accomplished in the way of reducing railroad fares through his efforts and through his energy than had ever before been brought about.

Mr. Hemans, the Democratic candidate for governor, is devoting much of his time to calling attention to the expenses of the railroad commissioner's office during Mr. Osborn's term, but he is not referring to the more important fact that the expenditures he refers to brought better results, dollar for dollar, than any money ever expended on state account.

The records fully warrant the claim that during Mr. Osborn's term of office as state railroad commissioner, more desirable legislation and more important results in the way of life-saving requirements and railroad equipment were brought about than during all the years that extended back through Michigan's history.

The era of doing things, of getting results and the period of important permanent accomplishment in connection with matters with which he officially had to do was the period of Chase S. Osborn's term of service as Michigan's state railroad commissioner.

CONSIDER WELL.

Prosperity or Disaster? The Voter Is the Judge.

If there are any Michigan Republicans who have it now in mind to desert their party candidates and their party principles through voting for Democratic candidates at the coming election there are some questions they should seriously consider before carrying out that intention.

Would a Democratic victory in 1910 increase the wages of any worker in the country?

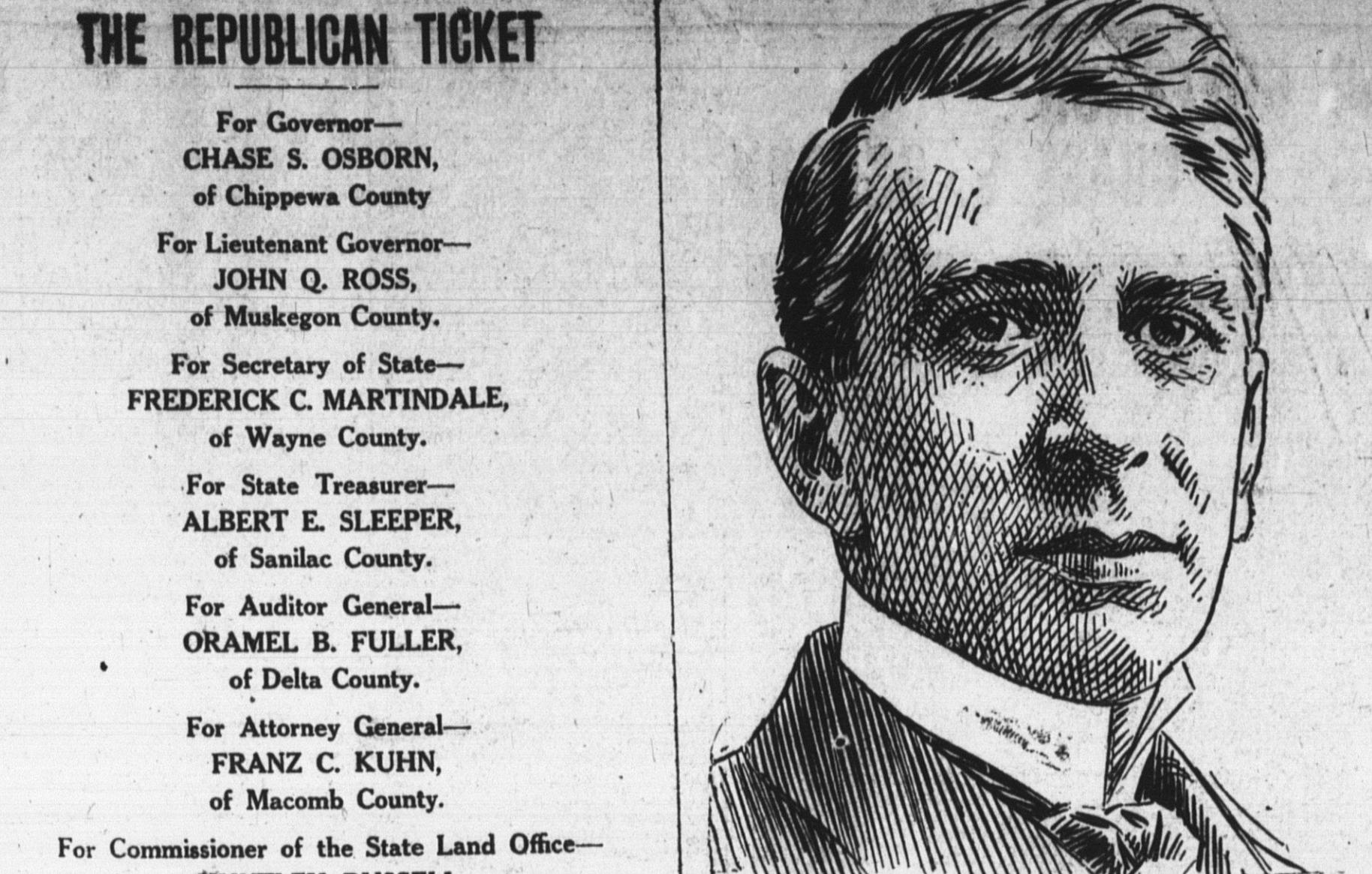
Would it start a single wheel in operation which is idle now?

Would it broaden the market for any fabric which any American mill produces?

Would it sell an additional bushel of corn or wheat, bale of cotton, pound of meat or anything else which the farmer or the planter produces?

No sane person among the people of the country will answer any of these queries in the affirmative.

Don't be a "Stay-at-Home" on Election Day. Good Citizenship and Good Republicanism Demand Your Vote.



WILLIAM A. SMITH LAUDS OSBORN

HONOR AND CREDIT.

Senator Smith Pays High Tribute to Mr. Osborn.

William Alden Smith, soon-to-be senior senator of Michigan, like the distinguished Republican candidate for governor, is a newspaper man. He is not the only editor in the senate chamber, however, for there are many scribes at present in that distinguished body, among whom can be named Shively of Indiana and Bristow of Kansas; and La Follette, one of the great leaders of the progressive wing of the Republican party, was once the publisher of a weekly paper, William Alden Smith holds a degree of master of arts, which was awarded him by Dartmouth college. He is an eloquent orator, and delivered the opening address of the Republican state convention at Detroit. Senator Smith is a great admirer of Chase S. Osborn, and in his speech before the conven-

tory of our commonwealth have we called to the head of the column a man of more or finer parts. Illuminating as a star, this brilliant scholar, author, traveler and man of affairs will bring dignity and character to the executive office and invest the governorship with a new meaning in state affairs, dowering it with an equipment as practical as it is extraordinary.

"November will see him in the pillow house, clearing the decks for action, and Governor Osborn will bring nothing but credit and honor to us all."

Speaking of and for the new tariff measure, the senator said:

"The new tariff law has been the object of much unjust criticism and misrepresentation. Much of the discontent has come from those who leave the country when the ship of state wrestles hardest with the billows, seeking the repose of their native lands.

"While we who made it know that it is not perfect and voted for it under no misapprehension, yet it is a comfort to know that its enactment closed no mills, destroyed no factories, left no fertile field to waste. It did not impair the national credit or deprive a workman of his wage. And we hope that it will at least be the basis for all future trade laws, and that future revisions may be made piecemeal, schedule by schedule, as necessity may require.

HERE'S A RECORD.

Lawton E. Hemans Did Some Thing But —

It is worthy of note in this campaign that Lawton T. Hemans, the Democratic candidate for governor, is making no reference to his own official record. Not a word has he uttered touching his official performances or attempted accomplishments.

Yet Mr. Hemans was on the salary list through two full terms as a legislator. He was not present at more than half the sessions of the body to which he belonged, but he drew pay for full time.

He introduced a bill to provide for an additional state board. But as a candidate for governor he is now abandoning the existence of so many state boards.

Mr. Hemans introduced a bill to license bucketshops in Michigan. His bill sought to make the pretended sales and purchases through bucketshops "legitimate legal transactions." What the people of Michigan think of the bucketshop business which would have been licensed and legalized if the Democratic candidate for governor had secured the passage of his bill is shown by the fact that at the next session of the legislature following his effort a bill entirely prohibiting the existence of bucketshops in Michigan became a law.

Mr. Hemans is now seemingly distressed over state expenditures, but he voted for more appropriation bills than any other member of the legislature during his terms of service, and afterwards made an address in the constitutional convention declaring that it was not true that Michigan legislators had ever made extravagant appropriations.

As a member of the constitutional convention Mr. Hemans opposed the proposition that the legislature of Michigan should have power to enact laws relative to the hours and conditions under which women and children may be employed.

This proposition was especially urged by the labor organizations of Michigan. They petitioned that the constitution should give this power to the legislature. And the justice of the request was recognized by the majority of the members of the constitutional convention. It was adopted by the constitutional convention and later on was approved by the people and is now a part of our state constitution.

But Lawton T. Hemans made a speech against it, smirkingly referring to it as "a little piece of sentiment." Why is Mr. Hemans not referring to this feature of his official record?

It will be observed that Mr. Hemans has an official record. He was a member of the legislature through four years. Why does he entirely fail to base any claim to favor from the people of Michigan on the work he performed or attempted to perform as a supposed representative of the people?

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pm 3:34 pm 5:34 pm
9 am 12:33 pm 2:33 pm
pm 6:33 pm 8:33 pm

LOCAL CARS.
am, and every two hours to
Ypsilanti only, 11:35 pm.
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Ypsilanti for Saline and at
h and Northville.

REMEMBER

Michigan is a Republican state and should be represented in congress by a delegation of men who will stand firmly by the principles of the Republican party.

If the Republican party is to maintain its dominating position in the affairs of state (that the prosperity now enjoyed may be continued) it is imperative that the lower house of congress be safely Republican so that a Republican president will not have his hands tied.

Vote for your Republican candidate for congress. In doing so you vote not only for the man but for the principles of the party with which you are affiliated.

No matter what the Democratic candidate for congress promises you, he will be bound in congress by what his party stands for, and it stands for free trade and the destruction of American industries.

Do you want to go back to the days of '93 to '96?

The president's recommendation has been carried out since this speech and the Commission established

The Chelsea Standard

An independent local newspaper every Thursday afternoon from its Standard building, East Middle street, Michigan.

O. T. HOOVER

Terms—\$1.00 per year; six months three months, twenty-five cents; To foreign countries \$1.50 per year. Advertising rates reasonable and on application.

Entered as second-class matter, at the postoffice at Chelsea, Michigan, Act of Congress of March 3, 1879.

REPUBLICAN TICKET

For Representative in Congress
W. W. WEDEMEYER.

For State Senator—
FRANK T. NEWTON.

For Member Legislature—
JOHN KALMBACH.

For Sheriff—
LESTER CANFIELD.

For County Clerk—
CHARLES L. MILLER.

For County Treasurer—
H. W. CRIPPEN.

For Register of Deeds—
GEO. W. SWEET.

For Prosecuting Attorney—
FRED M. FREEMAN.

For Circuit Commissioners—
EDWARD B. BENSON.

WILLIAM S. PUTNAM

For Coroners—
S. W. BURCHFIELD,

W. G. JOHNSON.

For Drain Commissioner—
WILBUR JARVIS.

ATTENTION has been called, but it can well be repudiated, the election of a Republican States Senator in Michigan, but the coming state election only be accomplished by the election of a Republican in the state legislature. Charles E. Townsend was candidate of the Republicans at the primary election under the terms of our state constitution, the senator from must be formally elected by the state legislature. Failure of Michigan Republicans' majority of the legislature in the defeat of Mr. and the election of a senator from this state, for the Republican candidate member of the legislature senator from your district vote for Mr. Townsend: States senator, and in no at this time can the individual voter assist in send's election. It is important to the Republicans of but to all who are interested in progress and advancement, that this matter should clearly in mind.

JOHN KALMBACH, the nominee for representative state legislature from this first man from this many years to receive this local pride, coupled with that Mr. Kalmbach is capable filling the duties of this office in a most satisfactory result in next Tuesday by a large Mr. Kalmbach is a man of an indefatigable worker, a on the job all of the time sessions of the legislature look after the interests of constituents. Not only should the votes of the voters of for his own worth, but I mean to vote at the joint of the state senate and legislative Hon. Chas. E. Townsend States Senator. Mr. Kalmbach native of Sylvan and has a tire life here. He has made by his own unaided effort give the office the same that he has given his people.

HON. W. W. WEDEMEYER can candidate for congress in Lima township, and I years were spent there. of this section realize Meyer's worth and qualify this office, and his vote should be a large one. Meyer worked his way to University of Michigan hard work, and has been successful in all of his undertakings. He is a splendid representative newer spirit in America. His life and acts; his own and experiences; his close hearts and lives of the events—all of these things give and safest assurance that to congress, William Meyer will stand for the gress movements, and fighting always for the benefit of the great masses of our people.

The Republicans have field a ticket of which they feel proud, and one of whose party the country can send a solid front. Next election day, and every should make it a point to poles and cast his vote for ticket.

FOR GOVERNOR CHASE S. OSBORN



CHASE S. OSBORN

Sketch of Life of Candidate for Governor of Michigan—Country School Boy—Newsboy—Printer—Student—Newspaper Owner—Geologist—Discoverer of Iron Mine—Traveler.

(By Frank M. Sparks in Grand Rapids Herald.)

Michigan? In calling the roll of governors, what is to be the response when Michigan is called?

Every Republican and a large portion of the Democrats doubt not that the reply to the roll will be after January 1, "Chase S. Osborn."

Who is Chase S. Osborn? Who bears this name, new in the roll of governors? Who is this man whose meteoric flight across the firmament of Michigan during the last year has left behind it a trail of brilliancy dazzling to his admirers, recognized by even his most bitter enemies? Who is this big, burly dynamo of energy whose snapping eyes, pointed speech, forceful logic kept in fear and trembling the men who tried to "run" his campaign?

Who is he? Why, Chase Salmon Osborn is a farmer boy. He is the boy who, born in a log cabin in Huntington county, Indiana, nearly 51 years ago, worked hard pulling stumps, clearing land, grinding a plow, doing all the hard work of a farmer boy.

A Newsboy.

Who is he? Why, he is the newsboy who 40 years ago sold newspapers in Lafayette, Ind. He is the boy who was shrewd enough to secure a monopoly on the sale of Chicago papers in the little town and therefore piled up a few pennies upon the other until they grew into dollars. He is the boy who sold his papers with all his healthy junk power, who made his customers like him and predict for him a great future, who made them buy because, with marvelous energy, he told them they must.

Who is he? He is the boy who ran through the back yards and alleys and gathered up the rags, the bones, the old junk and sold them to the junk dealer adding to his little fortune the pennies thus earned.

Who is he? He is the former reporter on the Chicago Tribune whose energy made him valuable and whose writings were full of force and vivid pictures.

Who is he? He is the roustabout in the lumber yard in Milwaukee. He is the boy who when Milwaukee papers wouldn't give him a job and when his resources were exhausted went to the docks and there "shoved" lumber with the rest of the dock workers and didn't complain nor let any man shove more lumber than he did.

The Country Editor.

Who is he? He is the owner of the little paper in Florence, Wis., which for four years he owned and on which he did most of the work. He is the owner of the old Sault Ste. Marie News purchased in 1887 with the last penny he had in the world. He is the owner of the paper which he made a power in Michigan, but which later he sold to another in larger pursuits.

Who is he? He is the former game warden of Michigan, the former railroad commissioner who enforced law to the letter, who feared neither forest, outlaw nor great corporations, who made all under his jurisdiction do what the law required regardless of who they were.

Who is he? He is the man who has visited every country on the globe but Tibet, who has been far north of the Arctic Circle, far south of the Antarctic, who

cause, when he shakes hands, he takes hold as though he meant it. Because when he speaks, he lets loose of all that energy, drives home his thought with the power of a trip hammer, embellishes it with the blooms of the poet.

And that energy, physical and mental, is shown in every move, every speech, every thought. The physical energy is born first of a naturally rugged constitution handed down to him through generations of sturdy ancestry, handed down to him from the great grandfather who was one of the Continental army away back in the days when the nation was born, handed down to him through the grandfather, one of the first navigators of the Ohio river, a pioneer in the middle west, handed down to him from a sturdy father, a pioneer in Indiana, a radical abolitionist, interested in the underground railway, through which the slaves of the south sought freedom in the north.

What nature gave, Chase S. Osborn has not wasted. No dissipation has marred his sturdy frame nor cast a blot upon his name. Rather, he has made good use of what nature gave and done his full part toward improving that rugged physique. From his boyhood he was fond of the woods. Day after day during manhood has he tramped the wilderness of northern Canada. There in the wilds, among the ancient pines, with nature his sole companion, he has built upon the foundation nature gave and today at 50 stands 6 feet in his stockings, straight as an arrow, eye bright and clear, muscles hard and active, mind clear and clean, a model of physical manhood.

Always the Student.

Neither has he neglected the mind nature gave him. From boyhood he has read everything he could lay hands upon. He reads rapidly, remarkably so. He remembers what he reads. History, science of all kinds, religion, government, poetry, the best of literature. Nothing has escaped him. He stores his memory with all, it is always ready when needed.

An example of this was shown at the banquet of the Gridley club at Ionia last winter. Governor Guild of Massachusetts was a speaker at that banquet. In his remarks he proudly and rightfully boasted of the intellectuality of the old Bay state. He declared with emphasis that Massachusetts led all the states in intellectuality.

Quicker than a flash, Chase S. Osborn was on his feet.

"I do not wish to seem discourteous," he said, "but I must challenge the gentleman from Massachusetts."

The percentage of illiteracy in Massachusetts is nine, while in Michigan it is but six."

It is doubtful if there was another man in Michigan who could have told the percentage of illiteracy in his own state to say nothing of Massachusetts. It was just a sample of the quick thought and the great stored-up fund of knowledge Chase S. Osborn has.

To the newspaper men who traveled with him to any extent during the campaign, there never was any let up in the seeming endless powers of his mind and range of knowledge. He spoke before the Woodmen of Grand Rapids last spring. His speech was filled with pointed, terse paragraphs which were afterward sent broadcast over the state as "Osbornisms" and did not a little toward rounding up the votes cast for him. But after the speech the Woodmen crowded around him asking questions and always getting an answer. One man with a distinct German twang in his tones spoke to him. In a moment Osborn and the German were jabbering away in the native tongue of the Teuton. It sounded sweet to his ears. He went shouting for Osborn.

Fearless and Studious.

Who is he? He is the man afraid of no beast that lives, whose eye is clear and sharp, whose hand is steady, who, when he raises his rifle to his shoulder, brings death to bird or beast.

Who is he? He is the student who knows the name, habits, classification of every bug and insect, every animal, every bird, every rock and every plant or flower to be found in Michigan and who has a marvelous knowledge of these same things in almost every part of the world.

Who is he? He is the man who is equally at home in the most trackless wilderness at the helm of a boat on the Great Lakes. He is the man who can carry his pack all day and never seem to weary. He is the man who can guide a boat in the teeth of Lake Superior's most vicious gales.

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Hard Pan Shoes



MAKING GOOD

H. B. Hard Pan Shoes make a good wearing shoe, and the people realize this fact and keep on buying them. From the first day the first pair was made the idea has been to make them so good, so comfortable, so serviceable and satisfactory in every way that once a customer buys a pair they continue to buy the Hard Pan make of shoes. H. B. Hard Pan the shoe that is "making good," try a pair.

FURNISHING GOODS

We have in stock all of the newest and best of the season in Neckwear, Plain and Fancy Shirts, Sweater Vests, Collars and Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Hosiery, Gloves and Mittens.

Complete line of Underwear of all kinds.

HATS AND CAPS

Our showing of Hats and Caps consists of the best makes of the season.



See our complete line of hunters' Clothing and Caps.

DANCER BROTHERS.

A Few of the Things That We Handle

Lumber Lime Brick Tile Cement
Plaster Salt, barrel or bulk

Corn and Oat Chop Bran Middlings Corn
Oats Wheat Rye Flour
Oil Meal Timothy and Clover Seed

And various other articles too numerous to mention

COAL AND WOOD FOR SALE.

Satisfied customers are our best advertisement

CHELSEA ELEVATOR COMPANY

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

DIVIDENDS OF SATISFACTION.

A certain man was called upon to pay a bill for which he had issued a check several months before. He turned to his file of paid checks and found one issued in this particular case.

There was the date, the amount, the name of the party paid, and also the endorsement on the back of the check by the man who received the money.

The evidence given by the check settled the dispute.

The check account will do the same for you—and more. A small volume of business can be transacted as well as a larger one. The benefits are relatively equal in all instances.

You will get dividends of satisfaction from the use of the check account in the way of conveniences for your business.

The Kempf Commercial & Savings Bank

LOCAL ITEMS.

Warren Geddes was in Detroit on business Wednesday.

Glenn & Schanz will close their cider mill Friday, November 11th.

Born, Thursday, November 3, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. Chauncey Freeman, a daughter.

B. B. Turnbull expects to leave Saturday for northern Michigan on a hunting trip.

Miss Emma Hofstetter is now employed in the office of Grant & Wood Manufacturing Co.

There will be a total eclipse of the moon November 18th, which will be visible in Michigan.

The Research Club met at the home of Mrs. B. B. Turnbull Monday evening. A scrub lunch was served.

The pastor of St. Paul's church will have a class at the parochial school every Saturday forenoon from 9 to 12 o'clock.

Mrs. Frank Hendry, who has been at the hospital in Ann Arbor for some time, returned to her Chelsea home Sunday.

Rev. M. L. Grant will next Sunday, November 6, begin his sixth year of service as minister of the Congregational church.

There will be a special meeting of Olive Lodge, No. 156, F. & A. M., Monday evening, November 7. The first degree will be exemplified.

The many friends of T. F. Heatley in this vicinity will be pleased to learn that he has been chosen president of the senior medical class of the U. of M.

Monday evening the sidewalk of Chas. Tichenor on Congdon street, was torn up by a gang of youngsters who were out playing hallowe'en pranks.

John Wise and B. B. Turnbull have rented of J. G. Wagner the building recently vacated by the Standard, and are making arrangements to open a shooting gallery.

The funeral services of the infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Reuben Bieber will be held from their home on North street Sunday afternoon, Rev. A. A. Schoen officiating.

The monthly gathering of the B. Y. P. U. met at the home of Miss Jessie Everett last Friday evening. A large number were present and a very enjoyable evening was spent.

The infant son of Dr. and Mrs. Phelps of Coldwater, which was born Sunday, died Tuesday. The remains were brought here for interment this morning. Mrs. Phelps is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. Bacon.

A. H. Stedman of Detroit, has sold his residence on south Main street, Chelsea, to Oscar Schneider. Miss Frances Hindelang has purchased the M. J. Howe residence on Grant street. The sales were made through the agency of R. B. Waltrous.

A. W. Wright of Alma, millionaire lumberman, presented the Alma Sanitarium to the trustees of the Michigan Grand Lodge of Masons to replace the burned home at Grand Rapids. It will accommodate a thousand people and cost two hundred and fifty thousand dollars.

All voters who are enrolled for the primaries must also register to vote at general elections, if they have not already done so. Enrollment for the primaries does not give a voter the right of franchise at a regular election. If your name is not on the township registration books, get busy.

Auditor General Fuller announced Monday that the apportionment of primary school money on November 10 will be at the rate of 90 cents per capita, a total of \$680,246 for the 755,829 school children in the state. This will make the total apportionment of primary funds this year amount to \$7.40 per capita.

The democratic meeting in the town hall last Saturday evening was well attended. The addresses were delivered by Arthur Brown and Geo. J. Burke, of Ann Arbor, and Hon. John P. Kirk, of Ypsilanti. The music was furnished by the Chelsea Band, and a vocal solo by Elmer E. Winans, accompanied by Miss Mabel Bacon.

Report of school district No. 6 fr. for month ending October 28. Those neither absent or tardy, Carrie Dyke, master, Ray Mensing, Walter Oesterle, Frieda Oesterle, Ida Oesterle, Norman Schmidt, Esther Widmayer, Clarence Widmayer, Almerene Whitaker, Myrtle Young, Percentage of attendance 95. Rena L. Notten, teacher.

John Heller of Lima is reported as being quite ill.

Dr. A. L. Steger has been confined to his home several days of this week by illness.

M. J. Howe has taken the contract to erect a residence for Henry Winters on Washington street.

County School Commissioner Evan Esser spent the first of the week in this part of the county visiting the district schools.

Mrs. Fred Mapes returned Sunday evening from Los Angeles, California, where she has been spending the past two months with her parents.

There will be a regular meeting of the Maccabees on Friday evening of this week. A full attendance is desired as candidates are to be balloted for.

Mrs. W. Whitaker, of Flint, A. Newton and family, of Jackson, and Edward Sumner, of Traverse City, attended the funeral of Welcome Sumner Wednesday.

Miss Cora Feldkamp of Lima, who recently underwent an operation in the hospital at Ann Arbor, is rapidly recovering and expects to return to her home this week.

Miss Lillie Wackenhorst gave the We-No Club a hallowe'en party at her home on south Main street Tuesday evening. The rooms were decorated with jack-o'-lanterns, candles and flowers. Mrs. J. T. Woods presided at the piano. A dainty lunch was served.

The fire department was called to the residence of Allie Page, on North street by a false alarm turned in from the Chelsea Creamery Monday night. It is supposed that the alarm was sent in as a hallowe'en prank by some of the young people who reside in that part of the town.

The next meeting of Grass Lake Grange will be held November 9th. The following program will be rendered: Music in charge of organist; roll call, response, objects of comfort to the home to home and school; amusement; question, some movement for the uplift of humanity, recitation.

The men of the Congregational church and society will hold a social and business meeting at the church, Wednesday evening, November 9th, at 7:30 o'clock. A brotherhood will be organized and officers elected. Refreshments will be served, and all the men of the church and society are urged to be present.

Church Circles.

ST. PAUL'S.

Rev. A. A. Schoen, Pastor.

Services at the usual hour next Sunday morning.

The Young People's Society will meet at 7:30 p. m.

The Ladies' Aid Society will meet at the parsonage Friday afternoon of this week.

The annual business meeting will be held Saturday evening at 7 o'clock in the church.

BAPTIST.

Rev. F. I. Blanchard, Pastor.

Preaching service at 10 a. m.: Miss Florence E. Grant, corresponding secretary of the Woman's Baptist Home Mission Society, will deliver the address. Miss Grant is a most pleasing and interesting speaker.

Bible school at 11 a. m.

Young people's meeting at 6 p. m.

Subject, "Secrets of Happiness."

Preaching service 7 p. m. Subject, "The Shutting of Doors."

Prayer meeting at 7:15 p. m. Thursday.

CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. M. L. Graff, Pastor.

"It is a Great Thing to be a Christian" will be the subject of the service at 10 a. m. As this service marks the beginning of the pastor's sixth year of work in Chelsea a large attendance is expected. The communion service will be observed.

Young peoples meeting at 6:15 p. m. F. A. Sweetland will give talk on the theme, "An Attractive Boy."

Evening worship at 7 o'clock.

"Image Worship, Ancient and Modern" is the theme. This is the second of a series on the Ten Commandments.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL.

Rev. J. W. Campbell, Pastor.

Preaching service at 10 a. m. Love Feast will be at 9 a. m. in the class room.

The Sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be administered after the morning sermon.

Sunday-School at 11 a. m.

Ephworth League devotional service at 6:15 p. m. Topic, "A Call to Self-examination." Leader, Charles Fulford.

Preaching service at 7 p. m.

Prayer service at 7:15 p. m. on Thursday.

Old People's Day will be observed on Sunday morning, November 13.

Queen Quality SHOE

Announcement

STYLES better than ever. Factory equipped with new machinery throughout. All methods of manufacturing improved 50%—style in direct proportion—value too. Smart—Stylish and Flexible to the last degree. The new models on display today. You're cordially invited to inspect them.

W. P. SCHENK & CO.

Just now when you must have Advance Information on the New Winter Styles, we are glad to announce the

Winter Standard Fashion Book

Covering all departments of dress. The coming fashions are especially pleasing, and you should see them without delay. We have the Standard Patterns in stock and can fill your order for the new designs.

This Beautiful Book and Any Standard Pattern FREE. Only 20c.

The demand will be heavy. Get your copy immediately.

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WANT COLUMN

RENTS, REAL ESTATE, FOUND LOST WANTED ETC.

WANTED—A girl for general housework in family of three. A real home for a good girl. Good wages. Address box 81, Chelsea. 13th

SALESMEN WANTED to look after our interest in Washtenaw and adjacent counties. Salary or commission. Address The Harvey Oil Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

WANTED for one year or more girl or middle aged woman for house work in small family. Inquire of J. F. Shaver. 13th

THE MOLER BARBER COLLEGE of Chicago, Ill., wants men to learn barber trade. They offer splendid indentures and a short term complete. They mail free a beautiful catalogue and ask all our readers to send for it. 13

FARM FOR SALE—My 85 acre farm 1 mile west of Chelsea. Good buildings, orchard, etc. John Fulford, Chelsea, 15

FOR SALE—Ten Rams and 25 ewes of the Improved Black Top Delaine Merinoes, all registered. Inquire of Homer H. Boyd, Chelsea, Route No. 1. Three quarters of a mile south of D. U. R. on Sylvan road. Bell phone 14

CIDER MAKING—We will run our cider mill Tuesdays, Wednesdays and Fridays. Glenn & Schanz. 13

FOR SALE—House and lot, will be vacant before November 1st. O. H. Schmidt, R. F. D. 1, Chelsea. 11f

CIDER MAKING—We run our cider mill every Tuesday and Friday. Cider made for one cent per gallon. Feed grinding done promptly eight cents per hundred pounds for cider apples. Meinhold Bros., telephone 144 2s.

WANTED—200 Ash and Oak Wagon Poles. Also can use several thousand feet of 2-inch oak and ash plank, also 3 and 4 inch plank. Call on A. G. Faist. 8tf

FOR SALE—New Garland coal stove, base burner. Inquire of Fred Glenn, North Lake.

STEADY WORK and GOOD PAY

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14 Rochester, Mich.

J. Bacon Mercantile Co.

Special Bargains

In Furniture, Crockery, Buggies, Harness, Horse Blankets, Fence, Paints and Oils.

Full Line

Of Heating Stoves and Ranges, Oil Cloths, Stove Pipe and Elbows

J. Bacon Mercantile Co.

We're candidates for your favor and we want your vote. Our campaign is conducted on the principle of THE BEST MEATS AT FAIR PRICES and we are piling up a big majority of the trade to this store. Once you have voted for us to supply you with meat we are sure you will want us to serve you right along. Phone 30.

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Chelsea Greenhouses DETROIT UNITED LINES

Between Jackson, Chelsea, Ann Arbor, Ypsilanti and Detroit.

LIMITED CARS.

East bound 7:54 am 9:54 pm 11:54 am

11:54 pm 3:5

PROTECTION FOR SONG BIRDS OF THE UNITED STATES

TODAY the songbirds of the United States have thrown about them the strong arm of protection. For a quarter of a century there was hard and systematic work to save creatures who were helpless to save themselves and against whom, as someone has put it, the hand of man and the head of woman constantly were raised. It perhaps is hardly necessary to say that the allusion to the head of woman had to do with the fashion of wearing the plumage of native wild birds for decorations for hats and bonnets.

It was a hard fight to get the masses of the people interested in the bird protection movement. Today very little is known in a general way of the manner in which success was wrought out. It is not at all uncommon even now to hear the bird protectors spoken of as mere sentimentalists, and there are men who have had a part in the fight to save the wild life who have been sneered at as effeminate. The truth is that most of the men who engaged in the work of preserving the feathered species were hard-headed and could prove on occasion that they were hard-fisted.

It takes only a casual glance at a woman's hat today to show that the fashion of wearing feathers is still if not supreme, at least a ruler to a considerable degree. It should be known, however, that not once in a hundred times do you see on a woman's head today the plumage of a native American bird. The traffic in the feathers of bluebirds, robins, catbirds and other doorway pets has been almost entirely stopped. Even those who wish that the plumage-wearing habit should cease altogether are powerless to prevent the sale of the feathers of certain species of foreign birds. The aigrette of which woman is so fond is a part of the plumage of the snowy heron, a bird which lives not only in the United States but in certain foreign countries. If a bird is to be found in America and also abroad the sale of its plumage is generally forbidden in the United States, but there is, and always has been, some difficulty in proving from whence came the supply. Law, generally speaking, has its technical loopholes and the bird protective law is not exempt.

Out of the bird protective movement grew the biological survey of the department of agri-



GREAT WHITE HERON

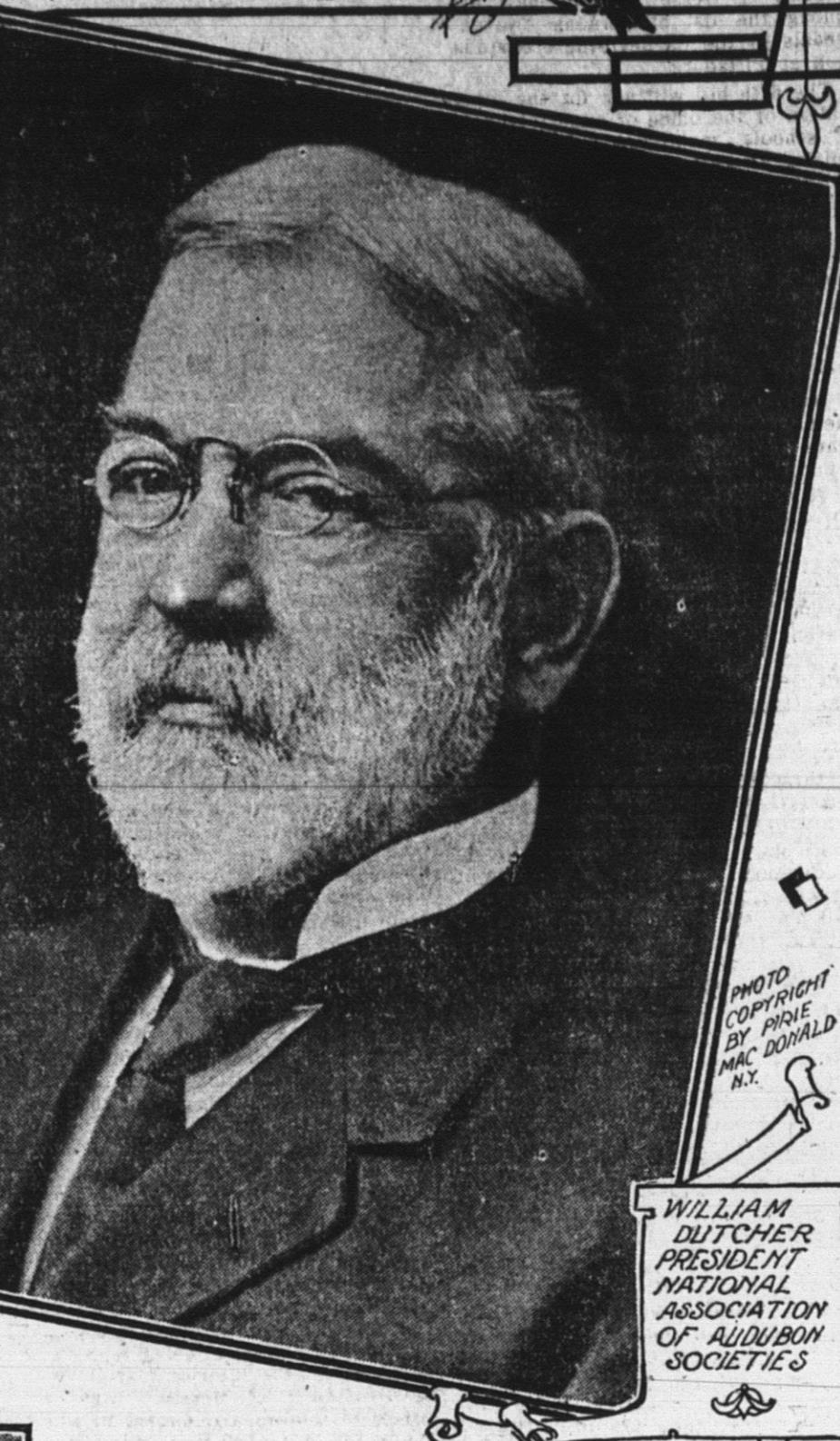
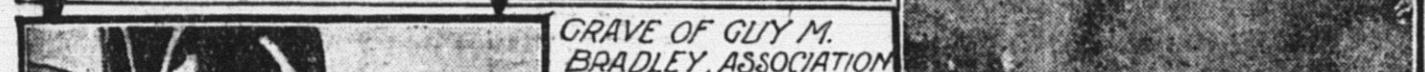


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SOCIETIES



GRAVE OF GLY M.
BRADLEY, ASSOCIATION
WARDEN IN FLORIDA.
KILLED IN PERFORMANCE
OF DUTY



culture of the United States government. The biological survey has been of great service to the farmers of the United States and to all men engaged either directly or indirectly in any form of agricultural pursuits. When the survey was threatened with extinction a few years ago by the apparent intention of congress to refuse it an appropriation, the farmers of the United States with the bird protectors and the real sportsmen, rose in its defense and saved it. The survey probably will be spared to continue its useful work as long as the agricultural department has existence.

The history of bird protection in the United States naturally and of right, is connected with the history of two organizations, the various state Audubon societies for the protection of wild birds, and the American Ornithologists' Union. Recently William Dutcher of New York, who is the president of the National Association of Audubon societies and a fellow of the American Ornithologists' Union, told the ornithologists of the world assembled in convention in a European city the story of the bird protection movement in North America. Mr. Dutcher and all the other officers of the National Association of Audubon societies are men who have devoted their lives to the study of birds and to their protection.

A celebrated French scientist said not long ago that if the bird life were to be swept out of existence man could survive only a few months. Because of the ravages of the insects

now held in check by the birds, the vegetation creatures would be destroyed by the insect enemies. So it would seem that if this French scientist is right, that in making their fight for the birds the defenders have been making their fight for man, a fact which is not appreciated by some of those who would suffer were it not for the constant saving efforts of men whom on occasion they have seen fit to call cranks.

To lead up to the establishment of the Audubon societies, of which nearly every state in the Union has one, it might be said that it was not until the year 1883 that the public in the United States awakened to the fact that too many wild birds were being slaughtered, largely for millinery ornaments and other decorative purposes. In addition, thousands of song and insectivorous birds were killed annually for food. In his story of the movement for bird protection President Dutcher told of the beginnings of the crusade to save the lives of the songsters which year by year were coming back to the farm and the garden in greatly decreased numbers. Mr. Dutcher said, speaking of the condition in 1883:

"The newspapers published items almost daily on the subject, and many strong editorials were written. A quotation from one of these entitled 'The Sacrifices of Song Birds' will show the earnestness of the press in respect to the situation: 'The destruction of American wild birds for millinery purposes has assumed stupendous proportions. The unfeeling work gives employment to a vast army of men and women and this army wages its campaign of destruction with a diabolical perfection of system.'

The editorial in question further refers to details of the work published in other columns of the paper, which furnishes evidence of the ghastly character of the business. The logical result of this newspaper agitation was that the American Ornithologists' Union at its annual meeting held in New York city September 30, 1884, appointed a committee of its members to investigate the extent of the alleged wild bird destruction and to devise means to stop the slaughter by legal or any other legitimate method.

This committee found that the claims of the press and of individuals were not in the least exaggerated, but on the other hand did not fully represent the terrible inroads that were being made on the non-game birds.

National Association of Audubon Societies for the Protection of Wild Birds and Animals has resulted, although in the interim there were many periods when the outlook for bird protection in North America seemed doomed to failure."

It was the result of an appeal made to congress by the council of the Ornithologists' Union that led congress to vote an appropriation of \$5,000, the money to be administered under the direction of the department of agriculture for the purpose of taking means to save the lives of the native American birds which were useful to man.

At William Dutcher says further in his story of the protective movement:

"In recognition of the action taken by the American Ornithologists' Union in securing the appropriation, the secretary of agriculture invited the council of the union to select a superintendent to carry on the work and at a subsequent meeting held in Washington, Dr. Clinton Hart Merriam was selected as the superintendent and Dr. Albert K. Fisher as his assistant. Both of these noted ornithologists were among the founders of the American Ornithologists' Union."

It was from this humble beginning that the present biological survey, a division of the United States department of agriculture, has grown. It is perfectly apparent from the letters which agriculturists send to Washington constantly that the work of the biological survey has its value appreciated more and more every year. The survey has published a great mass of valuable statistics of the food habits of birds and their relation to agriculture and forestry.

As has been said, there are Audubon societies for bird protection in nearly every state in the Union. They are affiliated in one great society called the National Association of Audubon societies. The writer of this article from personal knowledge can speak of the beginnings of one of the largest and most active of the state organizations.

Persons who were known to be interested in birds were asked to meet to form a protective organization. A good many persons not particularly interested in bird protection also were invited. Several women came to that first meeting, wearing the plumage of wild birds in their hats. At first the society intended to do the work by persuasive missionary efforts, and along this line to a considerable extent the endeavor has been ever since,

but it was soon found that while some people were willing to be guided by pleas of humanity and by stories of the destruction of the growing things because of the rapid increase in insect life, there were others who could not be reached by any except hard handed methods.

So it is that the bird protectors not only have carried on a great work in the education of children and in moral suasion among the elders, but they have taken cases into court and have prosecuted wilful and persistent violators of the law, until today the bird protective laws are as much feared as any other laws on the statute books. There always have been some laws against the wanton killing of useful birds, but until the men and women of the American Ornithologists' Union and of the Audubon society went earnestly at their labors the laws were laughed at and violated with impunity and almost always with immunity.

Years ago untold thousands of useful native birds were trapped to be sold as pets in cages. The women of the south complained to the women of the north who were engaged in bird protection work that their mocking birds and red birds (cardinals) were being trapped in multitudes because of the demand by the trade in northern cities for caged songsters. The bird protectors of the north took the matter up and in nearly all places today it is illegal to sell caged wild native American birds.

About fifteen years ago there was a week of severe weather in some of the southern states. The blue bird, which is a northern favorite, does not go far enough south in winter to escape all of the storms of the winter season. The unusual cold of that winter fifteen years ago almost annihilated the tribe of bluebirds. There were only a few left to come back to the northern fields in the spring. The blue bird, however, was protected, and the efficiency of the Audubon society's work was never more clearly shown than in this case. The blue birds today have recruited their ranks under protection and are as numerous as ever they were.

For years the bird protectionists went ahead with their work with the treasury at a low point.

It always had been hoped that some kindly disposed person would "realize the strength and beauty of bird protection work and would give of this substance to the cause. The man known as a scientist nor as a bird student. One day, however, Albert Wilcox saw a newspaper account of some of the bird protection work done by the national Association of Audubon societies and he wrote a letter asking for more details. He received the information that he wanted and he wrote to say that he was about to make a new will and felt so much pleased with the work of the society that he would give it annually during his lifetime a considerable sum of money to be used in carrying on the work of the association, and that when he died he would give the society a legacy of \$100,000 in his will, and, he added, "I may not limit it to this amount."

Albert Wilcox died four years ago. He left \$100,000 to the Audubon society as he had promised, and in addition he made the society his residuary legatee to the extent of one-half his estate. Today the National Association of Audubon societies, through the generosity of Mr. Wilcox, is placed on a sure and lasting foundation. The bird protective work has been going on for a quarter of a century. It had all sorts of trials and tribulations, but today it seems that the friends of the feathered kingdom have triumphed in their cause. The promise is that there will be no cessation of the work which means so much to the bird and more to man.

NATURE'S SIGNALS.

The first indication of kidney disease is often backache. Then comes pain in the hips and sides, lameness, soreness and urinary troubles. These are the warnings—nature's signals for help. Doan's Kidney Pills should be used at the first sign.

Ira Clark, North Main St., Savanna, Ill., says: "I was confined to bed with kidney trouble and never

expected to be up again. A doctor said I had acute inflammation of the bladder, but he could not help me. How grateful was I for the prompt relief Doan's Kidney Pills gave me! Continued use removed every sign of kidney trouble."

Remember the name—Doan's. For sale by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N.Y.

One of the Best Rest Cures. Is a good story.

To many women it is as good as a trip away from home.

When you are tired out and your nerves are on edge, try going off by yourself and losing yourself in some good story. You will, in nine cases out of ten, come back rested and invigorated.

One woman who has passed serenely through many years of hard work and worry that go with the managing of a house and bringing up of a large family of children, said that she considered it the duty of every busy housekeeper to read a certain amount of "trash," light fiction, for the rest and change to the mind that it would give.

Try it, you who lead a strenuous life, and who sometimes grow exceedingly weary of the same.

Getting a Reputation.

There is a desk in the senate particularly convenient as a place from which to make speeches. It is next to the aisle and almost in the center of the chamber, and affords an opportunity for the speaker to make every body hear.

At least a dozen senators, according to the Washington correspondent of the St. Louis Star, have borrowed this desk when they had special utterances to deliver to the senate. This led, not long ago, to a mild protest from its legitimate occupant.

"I am perfectly willing to give up my desk," said he, "but I am afraid people will think that the same man is talking all the time. I don't want to get the reputation of constantly filling the senate with words." Youth's Companion.

Procrastination.

"I heard a tale the other day of a postponing chap, who thought he'd buy a wheel so gay, but—they'll be cheaper, perhaps." And so he dallied year by year, the cheapest wheel to buy; but long before the cheapest gear, that yap he had to die! And so, by putting off the day, we miss the wine of life; and some there are in just that way who thus will miss a wife! Get busy now, you timid swain, procrastinate no more, for time is surely on the wane, and you a bachelor!

Some wait too long to make a pick of husbands or of wife, and then some take a broken stick and make a mess of life."—H. B. Benedict, in Judge.

Not Easy.

Pat was a married man—a very much married man. He had married no fewer than four times, and all his wives were still in the fore. According to Pat's own account before the court where he was tried for bigamy and found guilty, his experiences were not altogether satisfactory. The judge, in passing sentence, expressed his wonder that the prisoner could be such a hardened villain as to deude such a number of women.

"Yer honor," said Pat, apologetically, "I was only tryin' to get a good one, an' it's not alay!"—Lippincott's Magazine.

Lovemaking and Practice.

The only way to become an expert at lovemaking is to practice. This was the information handed out to a handful of hearers by the Hindu philosopher, Sakharan Ganesh Pandit, in a lecture on "The Science of Love."

"Love is a divine discontent," said the philosopher, "and if you want to arouse love in others it can be done only by giving them love. How to develop the emotion of love in another, is the great question of today—the art of making love. It needs a great deal of study and a great deal of practice."

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Shortest and quickest route to Texas.

Tourist and Standard Cars run through without change. Reclining Chair Cars free of extra charge. Meals a la carte [pay for what you order] plan.

Address

W. C. MUELLER, Trav. Pass. Agent
425 Ford Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

Don't Persecute your Bowels

Cat got cathartics and purgatives. They make

them unnecessary. Try

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Purdy vegetable. Act gently on the liver, cleanse the bowels and soothe the mucous membrane of the bowel.

Cure Constipation.

Relieves flatulence.

Sick Headache and Indigestion, or colic here.

Small Pill, Small Dose, Genuine Signature

Breakfast

2 — CRUISES AROUND THE WORLD

Two GRAND CRUISES of about three and one-half months' duration each.

The first to leave New York Nov. 11, and second to San Francisco Feb. 17, by the large transatlantic steamer

"Cleveland" Rates from

Including All Expenses

Also Cruising to the WEST INDIES, the ORIENT and SOUTH AMERICA

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Good Fellowship

occasionally leads to over-indulgence in the good things of the table. Be good to your stomach. Right it at once with

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

ROOSEVELT'S OWN BOOK

"African Game Trails"

Written by thousands for Christmas and New Year. Needed! A man is every year taken to the family in his locality. Offered! Member of field and hunt. Commission. Take the great chance and write for prospectus now to CHARLES SCRIBNER'S SONS, 133 (R. S.) Park Avenue, New York.

DR. J. D. KELLOGG'S ASTHMA

Remedy for the prompt relief of Asthma and Hay Fever. Ask your druggist for it. Write for FREE SAMPLE.

NORTHROP & LYMAN CO. LTD., BUFFALO, N.Y.

Insomnia

"I have been using Cascarets for Insomnia, with which I have been able to sleep for twenty years, and I can say that Cascarets have given me more relief than any other remedy I have ever tried. I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as being all that they are represented."

Thos. Gillard, Elgin, Ill.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sick. Awakes Early. 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The new tablet stamped C.C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

For the Hostess

Chat on Interesting Topics of Many Kinds, by a Recognized Authority

A Chrysanthemum Luncheon. Judging from the numerous letters from brides-elect, Cupid must have been unusually busy with his little bow and arrow. There are so many requests for pre-nuptial functions, I am sure the description of this chrysanthemum luncheon will be very acceptable.

It was gorgeously brilliant, the color scheme being yellow; especially fitting for this month as November claims the topaz and the chrysanthemum; in this instance it was also the bride's birthday month, as well as her weddng day season. For centerpiece there was a mound of yellow "mums," kept in place by embedding the stems in sand. At each place there was a little yellow jardinier containing one stiff, straight little yellow "mum" to which the name card was attached with a yellow ribbon. The grape fruit cocktail had a wee "mum" in the center of the fruit; around the stem of the glass there was a fluffy bow of white tulle. The plates on which the frappe glasses stood had a wreath of yellow "mums" around them and the ice-cream was in boxes concealed by petals of yellow crepe paper "mums." The candle sticks were of silver and had yellow shades. At each place were yellow slippers filled with salted nuts. Just the bridal party, were included in the guests, I mean the girls in the party and two matrons of honor.

bearing the monogram of the bride and groom elect, which the guests retained as souvenirs.

A Neck-Tie and Apron Party. This really is an old time stunt, but like many other old things has been rejuvenated. The hostess prepares as many cheese cloth aprons as there are men and as many pieces of silk or ribbon as there are girls. When all arrive the men are given spools of thread and told to find the girl who has an apron to match it. In this way partners are chosen and the girls put on the aprons after the men have sewed the hems and sewed on the strings. Allow half or three-quarters of an hour for this. Next the girls are gathered together and put through a door, each girl having hold of an end, the door is closed and the men are to come in and take hold of an end. When each man has an end, the door is opened and the girl who has hold of the other end must fashion a necklace for her swain. The latter puts it on and the girl puts on her apron, and thus partners are selected for supper or refreshments. This is a very jolly party, adapted to private parties or for a church social.

MADAME MERRI.

To Clean a Black Skirt.

To clean a black skirt, lay the skirt as flatly as possible on a clean table. Remove all grease spots with brown paper and a hot iron, then with a sponge dipped in strong coffee rub over the whole of the dress, paying special attention to the front and edge of the skirt. When the whole of the skirt has been sponged and is still damp, iron on the wrong side until perfectly dry.

FANCIES OF FASHION.

All-black hats are seen in satin, velvets, brocade, hatter's plush, velours, beaver, beaver cloth.

More dress hats are in all-black or black-and-white with a touch of metal or color than in any other shade.

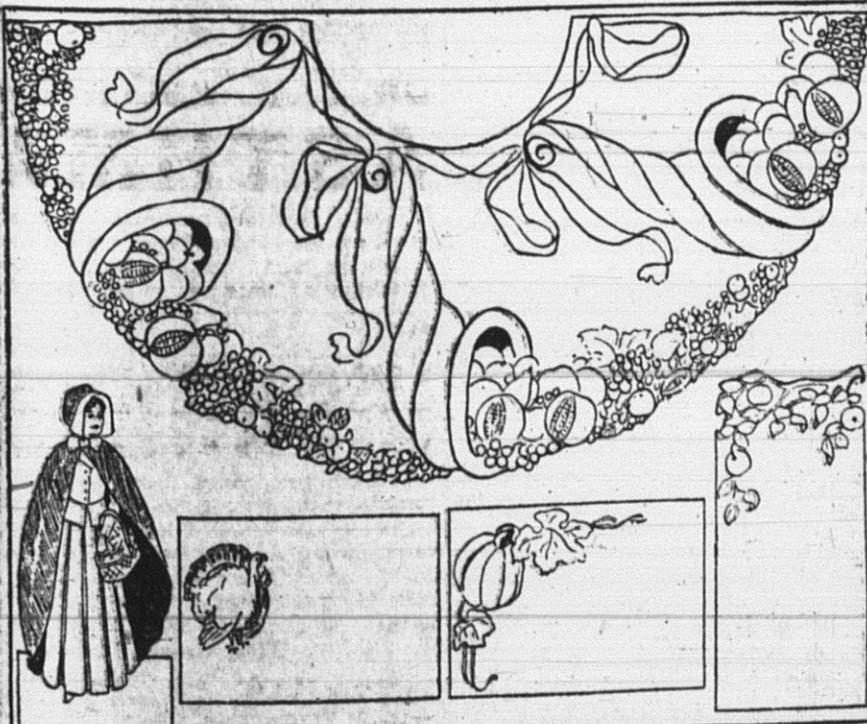
Ostrich feathers, willow plumes especially, are much in demand. Shaded and two-tone effects lead in favor.

Brimmed turbans are seen, with upright brims almost as high as the hat itself and close to it except at the back.

Hat shapes are of three sorts—the large, wide-brimmed hat (the most popular), the cloche, or Charlotte Coronet, and the turban.

As a variation on these there is the large hat with the mushroom brim in a wide variety of shapes, all generally following the mushroom type.

For Thanksgiving



EVERY housekeeper does herself proud in getting up the Thanksgiving dinner. Besides the snowy linen, sparkling silver and glass, and savory dishes, some decoration is needed to make the festive occasion quite complete.

These decorations are no small item of expense if purchased in the art shops where hand work brings its price. Any woman or girl may, however, make her own decorations at very small expense and in a short time.

We are giving today several designs which work out attractively in color.

The candle shade, representing the horn of plenty, always in evidence in Thanksgiving decorations, is to be traced on thin water-color paper by means of carbon paper, and tinted in water-color. The horn is to be purple—not too dark—the ribbons green, and the fruit of the gay richness of the natural color. The inside of the horn may be tinted dark green.

To add to the effect when lighted, put a bright bit of color on the wrong side of the shade under any gay colored fruit, such as orange or apples. Leave a little seam on each end of the shade and fasten with brass brods. The edge is cut out irregularly around the fruit. When the painting is done go over all lines with waterproof black ink, and do the work carefully.

Four place cards are given, one a demure Puritan maiden to be colored in light gray gown, darker gray cap with bright red lining, cap to match the cape with a white facing and tie and kerchief—which just shows it off in front.

Paint the face and hands in the natural color. Red and yellow, if properly mixed, will give a satisfactory flesh color for beginners.

The lines in all the cards should be gone over with a pen and ink out line.

The turkey is to be painted brown, light and dark shades, with a bit of red on the head, and outlined.

The pumpkin is a brilliant orange color with dark green leaves, and the apples shaded in light and dark red and green leaves, with brown stems.

The water-color cards may be bought by the dozen, or very stiff and heavy water-color paper may be used.

Those who do not already possess a box of water-color paints may secure a very excellent little box of a new make with all the necessary colors, for 50 cents. A five-cent Japanese brush which comes to a very fine point, will answer all purposes for doing the work.

NEWS OF MICHIGAN.

Uniformity of text books throughout the state will also be sought by legislative enactment.

Grand Rapids was the leader in the movement and Sylvan Wessellus, of Grand Rapids, addressed the teachers upon the subject.

Elias Roser, of Grand Rapids, and Herbert L. Hesse, of Whitehall, are among the list of persons awarded medals by the Carnegie hero commission at Pittsburgh.

The fifth bill will ask for the legalization of the office of superintendent of schools, making it an office requiring an oath, and defining the superintendent's duties and powers.

Because he sold in Grand Rapids the flesh of a cow that he had condemned because it had cancer, Elmer E. Wells, of Allegan, was sentenced by Judge Stuart in superior court to pay a fine of \$150 and \$100 costs.

The sixth bill will ask that boards of education be required to secure the sanction of boards of health of all plans and specifications for new school buildings and to grant boards of health special power to condemn unsanitary school buildings now in use.

While her husband lay dying in the hospital at Ann Arbor with tuberculosis, Mrs. Frank Corrente, of New Haven, near Owosso township, experienced heart trouble. The husband went away ten days ago to learn what his trouble is, and will never come back alive.

Because a conductor on the M. U. R. threatened to put her off the car and said, "To show you that I am a gentleman, I will pay your fare," Mrs. Humphrey, of Comstock, brought proceedings in circuit court and was allowed \$500 by a jury at Kalamazoo, took the initial steps in the most important work it has ever attempted—the launching of a movement to secure several radical legislative enactments at the next session of the state legislature. Six bills will be offered.

The first will ask for pensions for school teachers who have served a specified number of years and have reached a certain age, the general provisions to be patterned after the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy.

Over twice as much land is involved in this Union Pacific fraud as in the Cunningham claims.

While the Union Pacific coal is located

within easy reach of the market, it is extremely doubtful whether the coal on the land covered by the Cunningham claims, which brought about the Ballinger-Pinchot controversy, will ever be available.

The real history of these Union Pacific coal land frauds has been buried in the archives of the interior department, and has only now come to light. It appears from the records why the facts have long been suppressed, for these records show that Mr. Garfield, before being appointed secretary of the interior to relieve E. A. Hitchcock, of Missouri, was apprised of the embarrassment in which the railroad corporation found itself, and actually went into office pledged to protect the Union Pacific against both criminal and civil prosecution in the federal courts.

Grand Trunk Held Responsible.

The state railroad commission issued its findings as a result of the investigation of the Grand Trunk wreck at Durand last August, in which ten persons lost their lives. Relative to the officials of the road, who were in charge of the train service, the commission is unanimous of the opinion "that they are primarily responsible for this wreck."

Jackson Doctor Faces Serious Charge.

Dr. Seth M. Angle, one of the most prominent physicians in Jackson, is under arrest charged with furnishing cocaine to minors, and the police claim to have evidence that Angle was doing a wholesale business in the drug.

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THE MARKETS.

Detroit—Cattle Market active and strong, at last week's prices on all grades. We quote best steers and heifers, \$5.75@6.66; steers and heifers, 1,000@1,200, \$5.50@5.60; steers and heifers, 1,000@1,200, \$4.50@4.60; grass steers and heifers that are fat, \$60 to 1,000, \$4.50@5; grass steers and heifers that are fat, 500 to 700, \$3.75@4.25; choice, \$4.00@4.25; choice, cows, \$4.00@4.25; choice, calves, \$3.50@3.75; choice, steers, \$3.25@3.50; choice, heifers, \$2.75@3.25; choice, heavy bulls, \$4.60@5.00; fair to good, heavy bulls, \$3.50@3.75; stock, steers, \$3.25@3.50; choice, steers, \$3.00 to 1,000, \$3.75@4.25; choice, stockers, 500 to 700, \$4.60@5.00; fair to good, lambs, \$5.50@6.25; fair to good sheep, \$2.50@3.75; common, \$1.75@2.25.

Veal calves—Market steady at last Thursday's prices: best, \$9@9.50; others, \$4@8.50; choice, \$3.50@4.00; choice, and springers—steady.

Sheep and lambs—Market, 15c to 25c lower than on Wednesday, nothing sold at noon.

Range of prices: Light to good butchers, \$8.60@8.75; plus, \$8.60; light smokers, \$8.60@8.75; plus, \$8.60; light smokers, \$8.60@8.75; stakes, 1-3.

FLASHES FROM THE WIRE

Alleging that the Oklahoma law under which the tax is levied is unconstitutional, the United States, American and Wells Fargo Express companies obtained an injunction from the federal court restraining the state auditor from collecting the gross revenue tax.

United States Senator Nelson W. Aldrich, of Rhode Island, has leased a 14-room apartment on Park avenue, New York, and it is declared that, following his retirement from the senate, he will make his home in New York the greater part of the year.

Imports of the United States for the nine months ending with September, 1910, aggregated in value \$1,172,400,000, as compared with \$1,068,600,000, for the corresponding period of 1909, according to statistics of the department of commerce and labor. The greatest imports for the nine months of 1910 were sugar, \$103,100,000; crude India rubber, \$78,900,000; hides and skins, \$70,000,000, and coffee \$45,300,000.

Clovers—Prime spot, 30 bags at \$8.60; December, \$8.65; prime, \$8.70; 20 bags, \$8.20, 17 at \$8.25.

At \$7.50, 12 at \$7.12, \$6.50; prime, \$8.75; sample alike, 8 bags at \$8.25, 10 at \$7.50.

Flax—Standard, 2 cars, at \$4.12c, 1 car, \$4.00@4.12c.

Sheep—Standard, 2 cars, at \$4.12c, 1 car, \$4.00@4.12c.

Wool—Cape, No. 77c, No. 2, 76c.

Rye—Car, No. 77c, No. 2, 76c.

Rye—Cape, No. 77c, \$2.02; November, \$2.

Grain, Etc.

Wheat—Car, No. 77c, red, 1 car, at \$1.25, closing at \$1.4c; December, opened with a loss of 1.4c at \$6.34c.

Open to 96.14c; May opened at \$1.02 and declined to \$1.01.12c; No. 1 white, Cash No. 2, 52c; No. 2, yellow, 51c; No. 3, yellow, 52c.

Oats—Standard, 2 cars, at \$4.12c, 1 car, \$4.00@4.12c.

Barley—Car, No. 77c, No. 2, 76c.

Rye—Car, No. 77c, \$2.02; November, \$2.

After fighting the flames from midnight until long after dawn, the tired residents of Bosswell, a mining town in Somerset county, Pa., looked out upon a scene of desolation. Property to the value of \$75,000 had been destroyed. The hotel, business houses and seven dwellings were burned. The fire was fought with buckets and water from every available source of supply; aid from nearby towns being lost because railroads could not provide locomotives to carry fire engines to the stricken village.

Booker T. Washington, who is touring North Carolina, arrived in Durham Sunday and was the guest of honor at a banquet given by the Durham Businessmen's league.

When the secret service men arrested H. Nathan Seecrest in Chicago a few days ago and charged him with counterfeiting 1,500,000 pesos in Nicaragua notes, they thought they had nipped in the bud another revolution. Now that Seecrest's stories have been investigated, Chief Justice's men are not inclined to believe Seecrest's revolution story and think he was counterfeiting notes for his own benefit.

The latest move of Mayor John W. Bailey, of Battle Creek, to balk

City Attorney William E. Ware, who was the victim of an assault by Ald. Ralph Erskine at a council meeting,

was a statement in which he announced that the city attorney will be barred from making any verbal report on the floor of the council chamber.

Those who do not already possess a box of water-color paints may secure a very excellent little box of a new make with all the necessary colors, for 50 cents. A five-cent Japanese brush which comes to a very fine point, will answer all purposes for doing the work.

SERIOUS CHARGES AGAINST GARFIELD

ATTORNEY-GENERAL GOT FACTS THROUGH A SLIP OF THE PEN OF AN EMPLOYEE.

CHARGED HE LET HARRIMAN ROAD BOTTLE UP RICHEST FIELD IN WYOMING.

Former Secretary of Interior May Face Charges More Serious Than Those Against Ballinger,

Former Secretary of the Interior James R. Garfield, of Ohio, will be called upon to defend himself against more serious charges than have ever been made against Secretary of the Interior Ballinger. In an investigation which will be conducted this winter either by the Ballinger-Pinchot committee, or by another special committee of congress, it will be charged that Mr. Garfield did not merely attempt to, but actually did shield the Union Pacific Railway company when it defrauded the United States out of a great belt of coal land in Wyoming. During Mr. Garfield's administration of the affairs of the interior department, it will be charged, while minor offenders, individuals, who undertook fraudulently to acquire a quarter section of land contrary to law, were prosecuted, convicted, and sent to jail, the Union Pacific, which actually defrauded the government out of the best coal land in Wyoming and the west was permitted to go scot-free upon the payment of a royalty of eight cents a ton.

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AWFUL BURNING ITCH CURED IN A DAY

"In the middle of the night of March 30th I woke up with a burning itch in my two hands and I felt as if I could pull them apart. In the morning the itching had gone to my chest and during that day it spread all over my body. I was red and raw from the top of my head to the soles of my feet and I was in continual agony from the itching. I could neither lie down nor sit up. I happened to see about Cuticura Remedies, and I thought I would give them a trial. I took a good bath with the Cuticura Soap and used the Cuticura Ointment. I put it on from my head down to my feet and then went to bed. On the first of April I felt almost like a new man. The itching was almost gone. I continued with the Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment and during that day the itching completely left me. Frank Gridley, 325 East 43rd Street, New York City, April 27, 1909." Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world; Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Prop., Boston, Mass.

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Bears the Signature of

John H. Johnson.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK.